

07/21/02

FC:

Summary: The forecast for today calls for the earliest convective development along the west coast. Deeper easterly flow should put most of the intense convective activity along the west coast today. The forecast calls for drier air and advection of east coast anvils over the western part of the state, however, possibly suppressing west coast convection until later in the afternoon.

Aircraft: P3, WB-57F, Citation, Twin Otter, Proteus

Log:

1656: Take-off
Fly to Ft Myers
ELDORA off

1724: Pass some growing convection along the coast – looks very good around Ft Myers

1731: Nice cell
High reflectivity ~ 55dBZ

1734: Turn

1740: Short leg east bound
Too much stuff
Turn back towards coast
Same system 1740 to 1914
Good looking line 1740 to 1759

1741: Back on straight leg

1743: Straight leg

1746: Nice convection
Tops ~ 10km
Run along the coast

1756: aft BWER

1759: Turn around
Coordinated with high flyers

1801: Back on track along coast
Convection on seabreeze front

1804: Nice well defined core
Tops ~ 11km

1810: Turn around

1811: Back on straight leg

1822: Turn around
Convection weaker

1831: Turn around

1833: Level again

1840: Ready to turn

1842: Turn around
Flying now under anvil of the system
Getting lifecycle of cloud

1851: Turn around
Mostly anvil

1902: Turn around
Mostly anvil with weak convection feeding it

1912: Turn around
Most convection dead

1914: Back on track

Same system 1740 to 1914 – now dead
 1927: ELDORA down
 1930: ELDORA up
 1931: Lineup for new cells
 1938: Lined up on line
 Good pass from 1938 to 1947
 1942: Start getting good stuff
 Vertical core
 1947: Turn around
 1949: Back on reverse heading
 Tops ~ 16+km
 Good convection from 1949 to 1955
 1955: Turn around
 1957: Turned around
 Tops ~ 12-13km, reflectivity ~ 55dBZ
 2004: Turned around
 2006: Reverse heading – 85°
 High reflectivity core ~ 50+dBZ, tops ~ 12km
 2012: Reverse heading
 2014: Back on reverse heading
 Convection we are working is just ahead of a very intense line



We are seeing anvil from both storms – will be difficult to distinguish
 Reflectivities above bright band ~ 20-30dBZ
 No more deep hard core
 Storm mostly dead
 Coordination with high flyers
 2026: Try to sneak in behind original storm to get good look at both
 We hope lines are long enough
 2050: ELDORA down
 2105: Turn radar on – ATC problem
 2121: ELDORA down
 2132: Turn radar back on
 Work storm just inland from the coast
 2136: On track for storm
 Strange second trip in cloud
 There must be a strong line in the middle of the peninsula
 Persistent second trip – fore and aft radars
 Nice leg from 2136 to 2144
 2141: Tops ~ 15-16km
 Hard core
 2144: Turn around
 2145: Back on reverse heading

Core weaker at this point
 Nice storms at western ground site
 2200: Tops ~ 17km
 2204: Intercomparison
 Storm over the Gulf
 2216: ATC problems
 Try to maneuver initial position for strong line
 2242: Positioned for line again – will work from here
 Second trip return
 2243: Aft radar picks up sun
 2246: Back on reverse heading
 Too much convection all over – too difficult to analyze
 RTB
 2317: Land
 2 cell lifecycles with high flyers
 Nice day

Mission Reports:

Citation: The Citation started off flying two legs (one at 25 kft and one at 27 kft) near an anvil base and northwest of the western ground site. They then executed a spiral ascent from 27 to 35 kft, which got them out of the anvil layer (although there were still clouds above). They were then oriented by N-POL onto NE-SW oriented legs coordinated with the other aircraft. They flew multiple legs, moving down at altitudes of 35, 33, and 31 kft (the last leg was at about the base of the anvil). They then continued those legs, stepping back up to 35 kft. The cirrus anvil was dying out by the end of this procession, so they got a pretty good sampling of the entire lifetime of the anvil. This anvil was observed to have a downward sloping base to the east, but probably a top at a fairly uniform altitude. They finally aligned for the intercomparison with the WB-57F and got to their waypoint in thick, optically uniform cloud. They then returned to base.

Twin Otter: The Twin Otter had a single flight today, with a take-off at 1713Z. They flew out at 2 kft in order to conduct some particle sampling on a track north toward Naples. West of the western ground site, they carried out a spiral ascent from 100 ft to 10 kft, getting into low cloud layers a couple of times. They then flew several legs at various altitudes, sampling the convective region inflow on the west side of the cell in the Naples area. One notable observation during this period was an enhanced layer of particles between 4 and 8 kft (possibly Saharan dust). The end of the flight involved some legs flown under the anvils generated from the convection, which could provide some useful radiation measurements. The Twin Otter returned to base at 2135Z.

Proteus: The Proteus took off just after the WB-57F and flew the same flight track as the other aircraft at cruise altitude.

WB-57F: The WB-57F take-off was at 1802Z. During their initial ascent, they flew to 51 kft. The tropopause was at 48.6 kft (cold point at 49.8 kft). They flew several descending legs west of Naples and over the Gulf, getting good read-outs on the CAPS instrument, indicating clouds. During these legs, they saw their own contrail above them on several occasions. On one leg, they got into a cloud with a top at 46 kft and flew at 45 kft before being redirected by N-POL. They attempted to fly at 39 kft to coordinate with the Citation at that altitude, but were directed by Air Traffic Control to remain at 41 kft. They were still well-aligned with the Citation during this leg, and got good clouds at this altitude. They finally executed a climb to max altitude at 58 kft and did a box maneuver before returning home at 2343Z.

P-3: The P-3 took off at 1656Z. They flew in coordination with the other aircraft from 1740Z to 1930Z, studying the full anvil life cycle described in the Citation and WB-57F summaries. From 1938Z to

2050Z, they studied another intense convective cell north of Ft. Myers. From 2144Z to 2216Z they underflew the Citation/WB-57F coordinated line. The aircraft landed at 2317Z.

Summary: Convective activity blew up near Naples and Ft. Myers around 1730Z and over land parallel to the east coast around 1930Z. Anvils streamed off to the SW and slightly south of the western ground site. This was an excellent opportunity for the aircraft to sample the entire lifecycle of the convectively generated anvils. The ER-2 did not fly because of ongoing repairs on the flap system.

Flight Paths & Focus: 162859 232109, rf09

Line 1: 171500 193500 NNW-SSE orientation, Naples Ft Myers area along west coast
sea-breeze front, convective-anvil lifecycle, anvil to SW and south of western
ground site
coordination w/other aircraft
Quality: Good

Part 1: 171500 193500
leg_1.1.1: 171500 173500 some growing convection
leg_1.1.2: 174240 180050 good leg, run along the coast
leg_1.1.3: 180100 181050 well defined core
leg_1.1.4: 181100 182200 convection weaker
leg_1.1.5: 182250 183220
leg_1.1.6: 183240 184120 getting anvil
leg_1.1.7: 184140 185200 under anvil
leg_1.1.8: 185200 190210 anvil, weak convection
leg_1.1.9: 190240 191250
leg_1.1.10: 191300 192330 detached anvil
leg_1.1.11: 192340 193500

Line 2: 193800 211430 north of Ft Myers along west coast, further north from Line 1
convective-anvil system
coordination w/other aircraft
can see 2 storms – go between
Quality: Excellent

Part 1: 193800 202230 NWW-SEE orientation
convection
leg_2.1.1: 193840 194800 good pass, vertical core
leg_2.1.2: 194850 195630 good convection
leg_2.1.3: 195730 200500 some anvil
leg_2.1.4: 200530 201320 see both storms
leg_2.1.5: 201350 202220

Part 2: 202500 203930 loop
go between 2 storms
leg_2.2.1: 202450 203920 between 2 storms

Part 3: 204000 211430 N-S orientation
try to still see 2 storms
leg_2.3.1: 204020 205150 longer leg, ELDORA down
leg_2.3.2: 205250 205900 shorter leg, ELDORA down – no sweeps
leg_2.3.3: 210050 210500 shorter leg, ELDORA down – no sweeps
leg_2.3.4: 210530 211800 longer leg

Line 3: 213540 215630 NW-SE orientation, just inland from coast
convection-anvil system
coordination w/Citation WB-57F
Quality: Good

Part 1: 213540 215630

leg_3.1.1: 213550 214440

nice leg, hard core

leg_3.1.2: 214530 215540

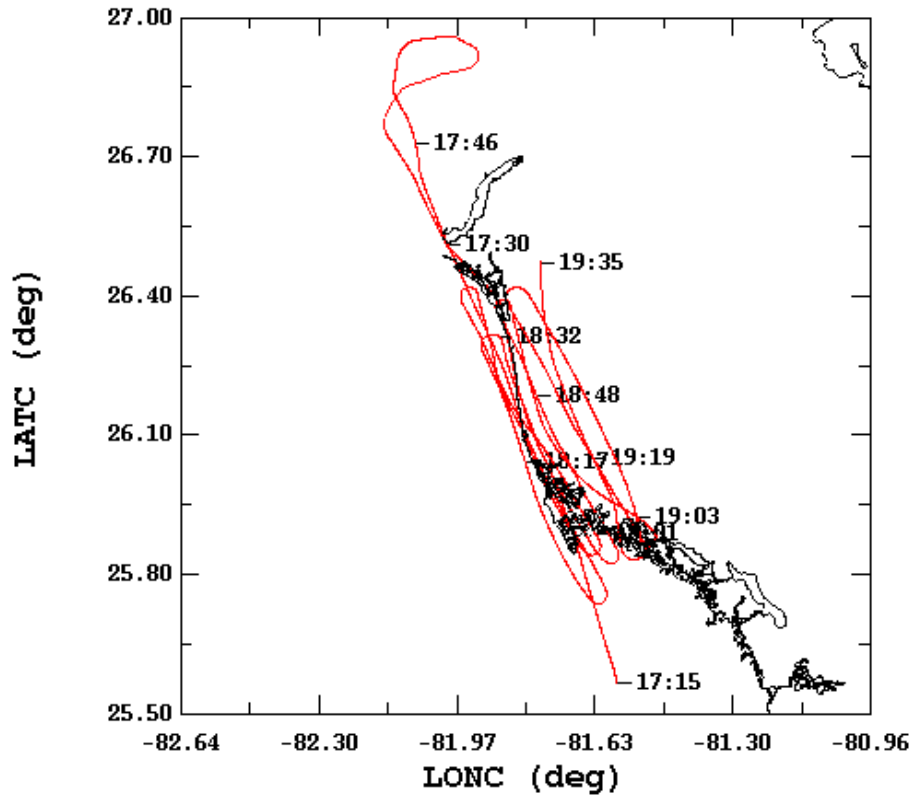
weaker core

leg_3.1.3: 215530 220040

0721 Line 1

CRYSTAL-FACE, Flight #rf09

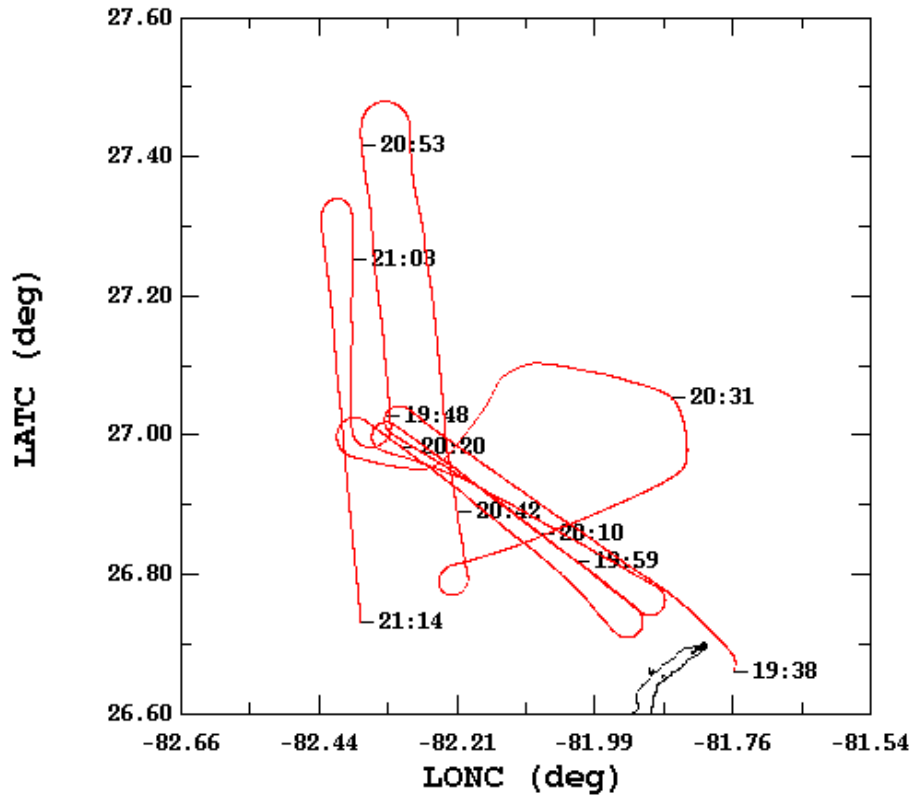
07/21/2002, 17:15:00-19:35:00



	mean	sigma	min	max
— LATC (deg), 1 s/sec	26.19	0.30	25.56	26.96
— LONC (deg), 1 s/sec	-81.78	0.15	-82.14	-81.48

CRYSTAL-FACE, Flight #rf09

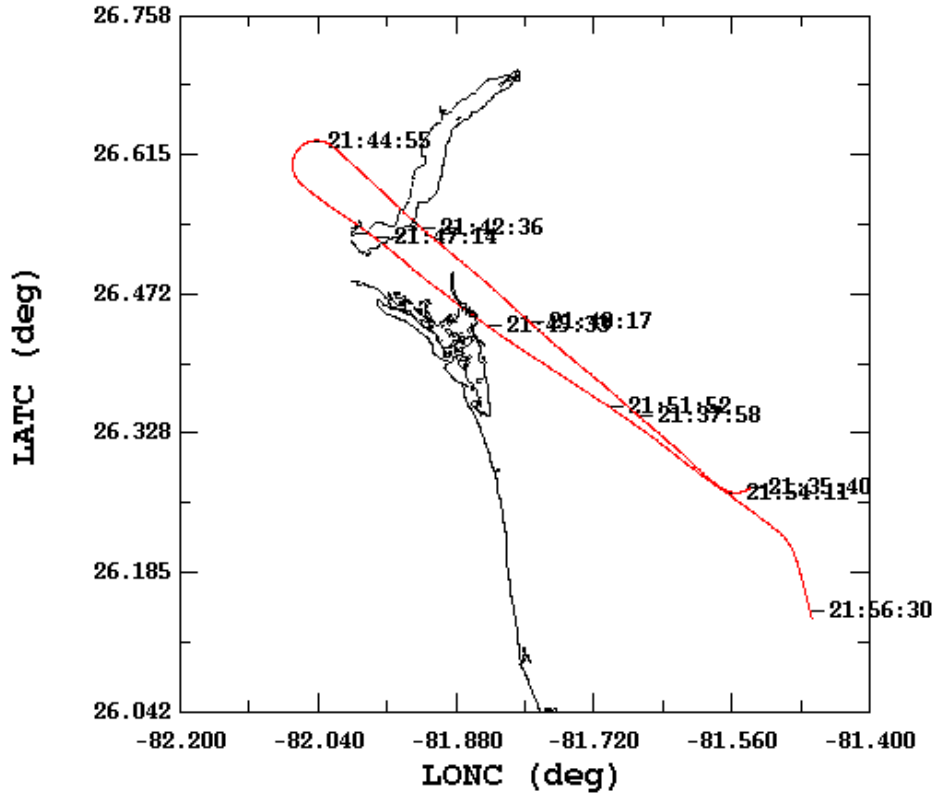
07/21/2002, 19:38:00-21:14:30



	mean	sigma	min	max
— LATC (deg), 1 s/sec	26.98	0.18	26.66	27.48
— LONC (deg), 1 s/sec	-82.18	0.17	-82.43	-81.76

CRYSTAL-FACE, Flight #rf09

07/21/2002, 21:35:40-21:56:30



	mean	sigma	min	max
— LATC (deg), 1 s/sec	26.41	0.13	26.13	26.63
— LONC (deg), 1 s/sec	-81.78	0.17	-82.07	-81.47