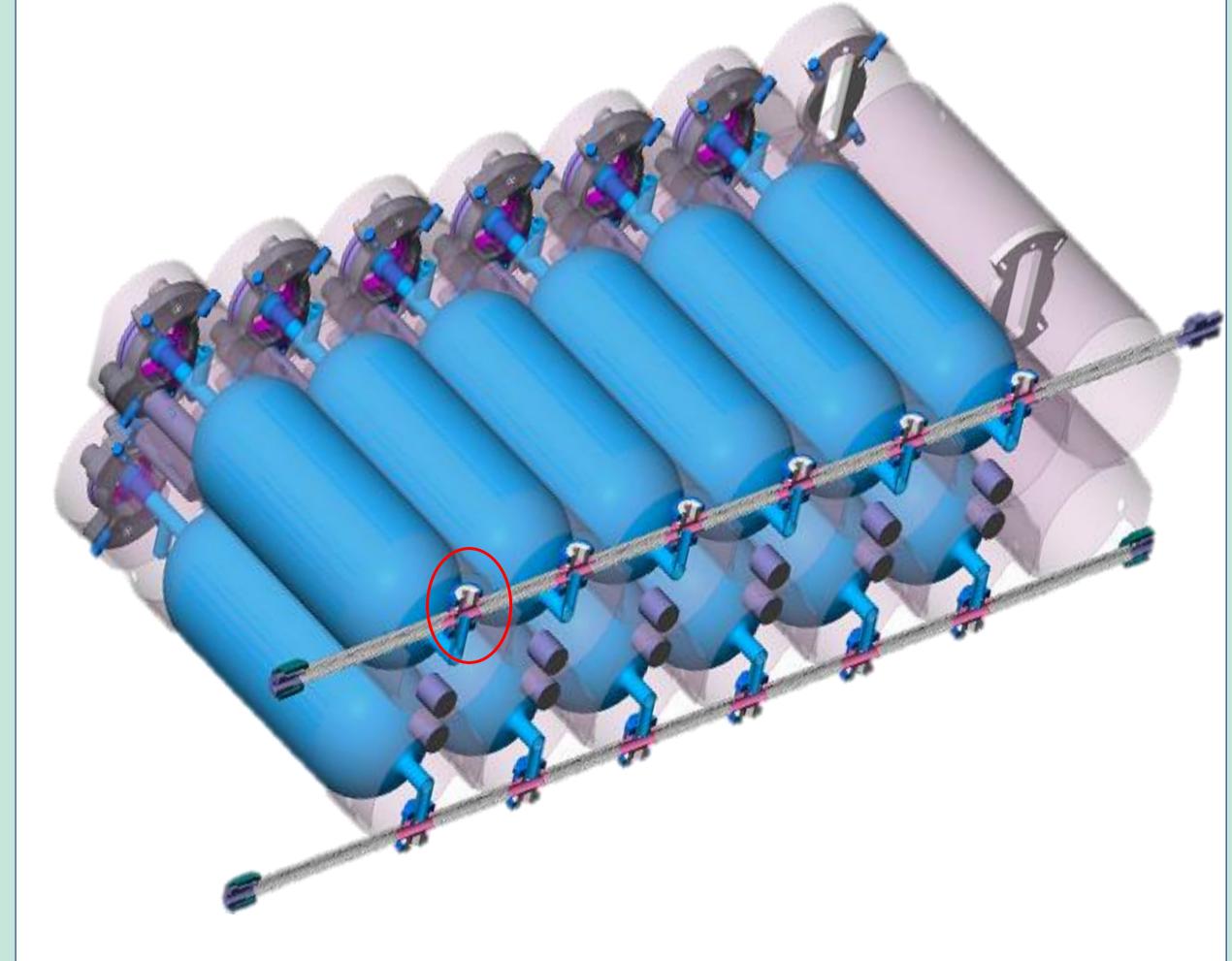


Modification of NOAA Programmable Flask Package manifold to support atmospheric O₂ measurements

Background (Legacy Design)

The NOAA Programmable Flask Package (PFP)

- Automated air sampling system with 12 glass flasks
- Used to monitor gas concentrations
- A flexible stainless-steel manifold connects the flasks
- Before filling the flasks, the manifold is first flushed with air to remove any old air that would affect the sample
- Tee that connects the flask with the manifold is circled in red



Airborne O₂ Measurement Challenges

- Airborne O_2 has a high background concentration and therefore requires a fine precision of measurement
- The current PFP manifold tubing has a large surface area due to the convoluted structure
- The flask valves have large dead volumes
- Surface interactions between the PFP's metal and glass components and the air sample
- Test results are influenced by changes in pressure, temperature, and water vapor

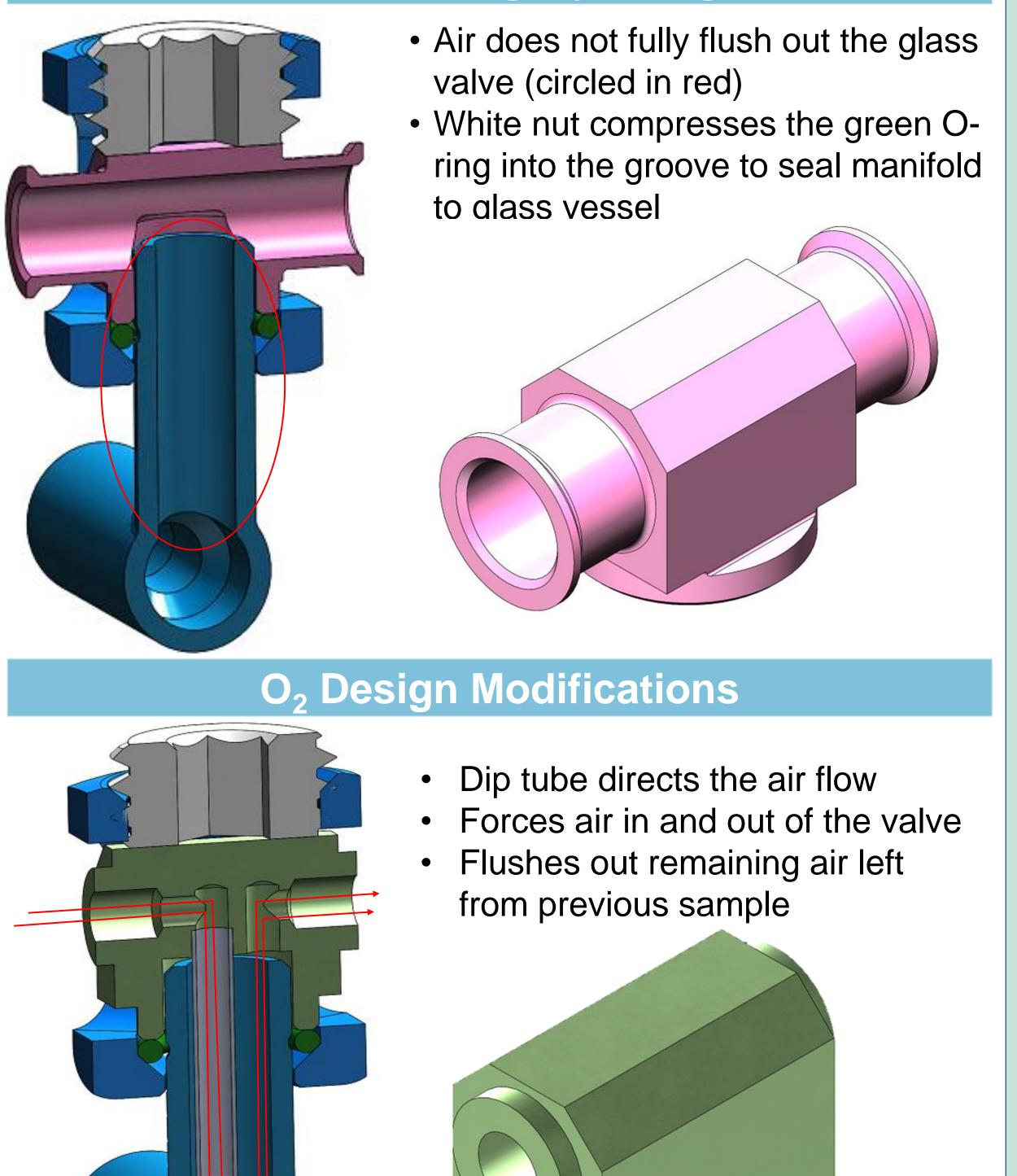
Design iterations of custom tube profiles:

Tee Redesign

Design Goal: Add "dip tube" to flush out old air **Design Considerations:**

- Maintain consistent air flow path cross-sectional area
- Retain the current clamp and seal methods to glass flask
- New tee should have mass of current Tee and a low profile

Tee/Valve Legacy Design



Emily Johnson, Britton Stephens, Todd Bernatsky

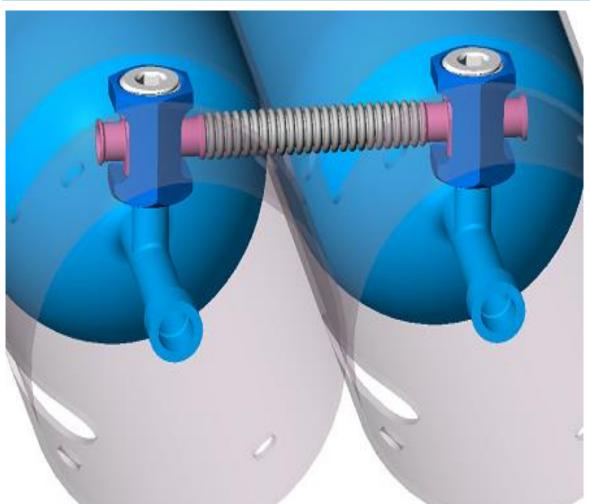
Manifold Tubing Redesign

Design Goal: Replace convoluted tubing with constant ID tubing to further reduce surface area

Design Considerations:

- Electropolish surface finish to maximize smoothness
- Minimize pressure drop
- Retain some flexibility of tubing

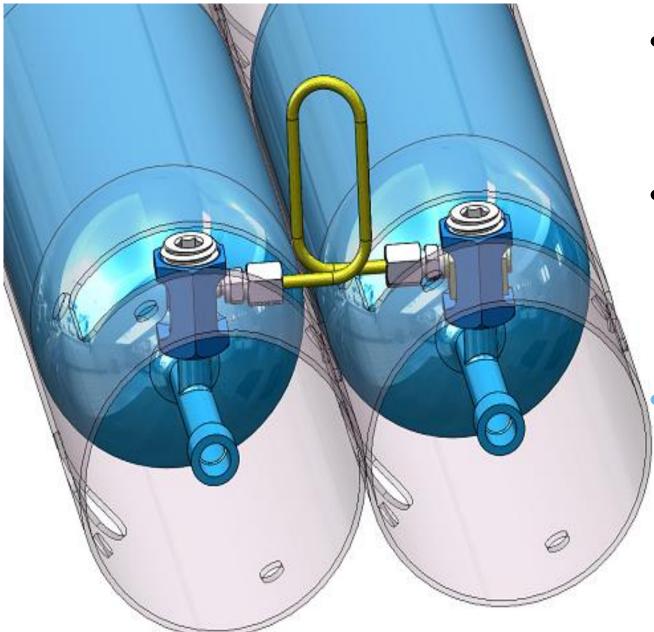
Manifold Tubing Legacy Design



- Convoluted tubing is flexible which allows for irregularities in the glass dimensions and movement
- O₂ adsorption / desorption increases with greater surface area of convoluted tubing

MANAMANA

O₂ Design Modifications



- Smooth wall tubing means less surface area for O_2 interactions
- Custom tube profile allows for some flexibility for irregularities or misalignments

Finite Element Analysis provided comparative

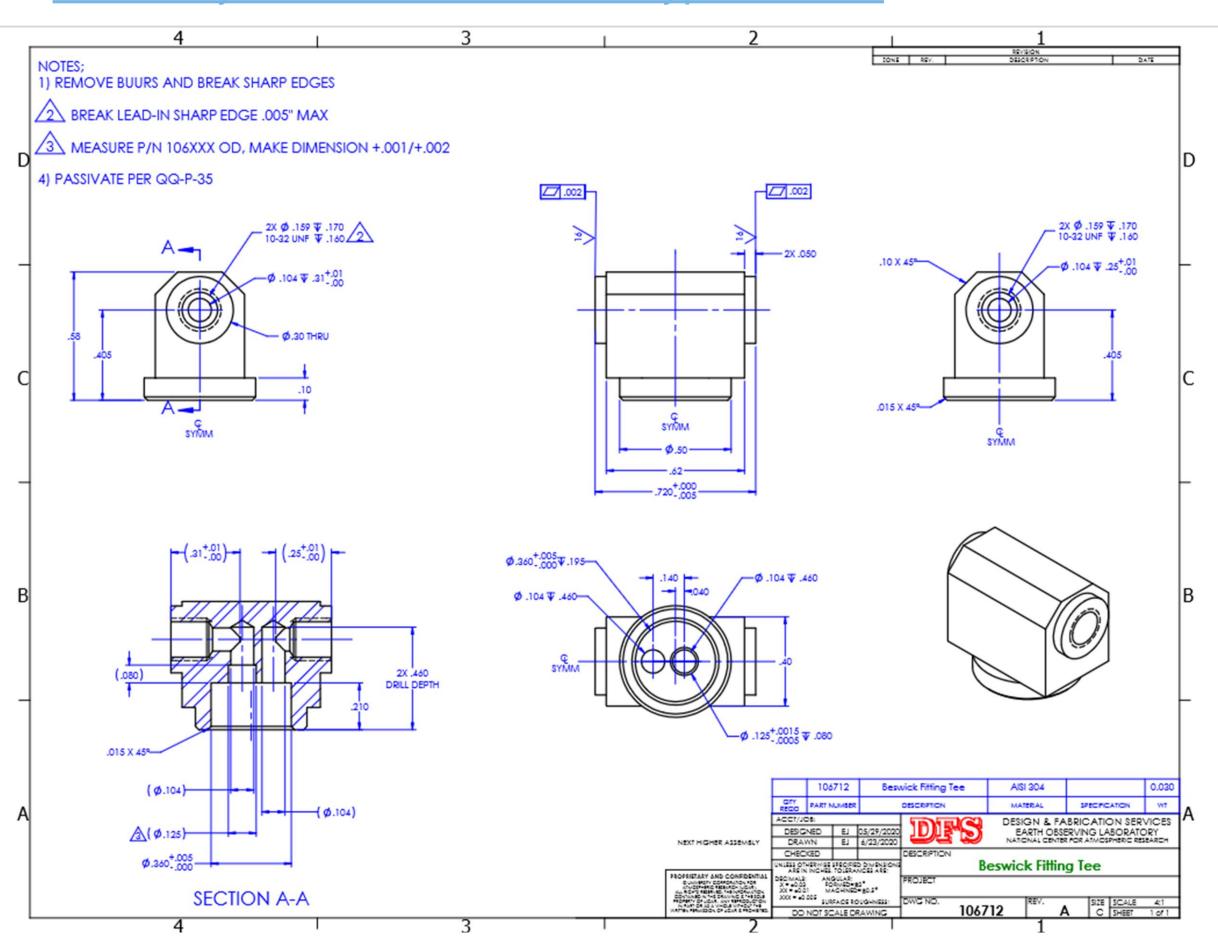
flexibility analysis of tubing geometries



Deliverables

Deliverables

- Tee Part Drawing
- Manifold Tube Part Drawing
- Tee and Tube Assembly Drawing
- Assembly Model of Entire Prototype Version

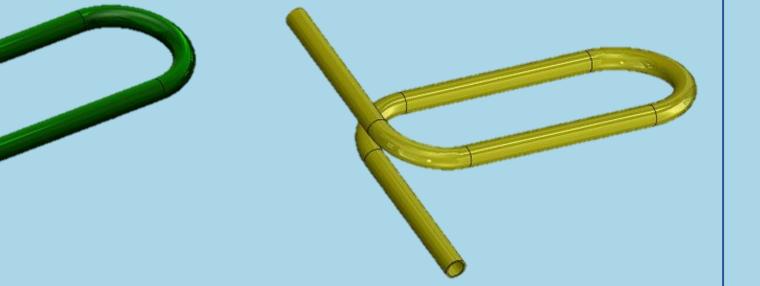


Next Steps

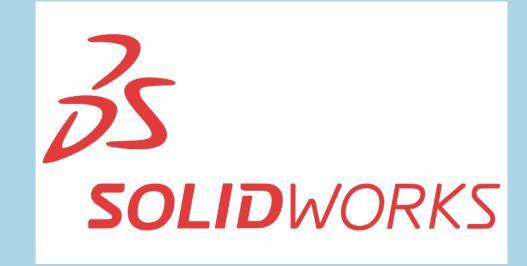
- Fabrication of tee, dip tube, and manifold tube (Aug 2020)
- Assembly of parts
- Testing of manifold assembly
- Finish developing a welded version of manifold
- Fabricate 6 copies of the welded version

Acknowledgments

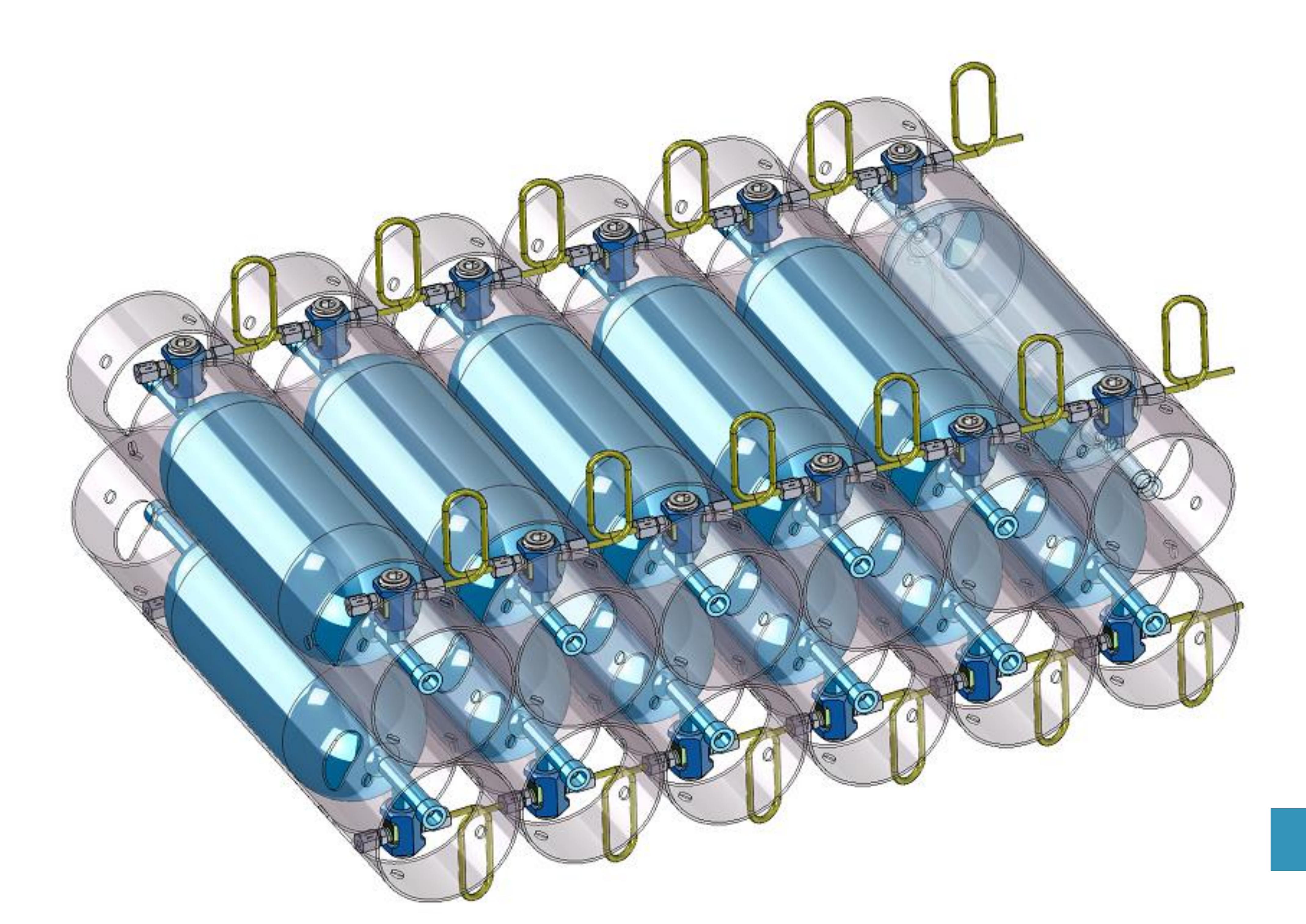
- **Britton Stephens**
- Todd Bernatsky
- Sean Zeeck
- Karl Schwenz
- SUPER Internship Program



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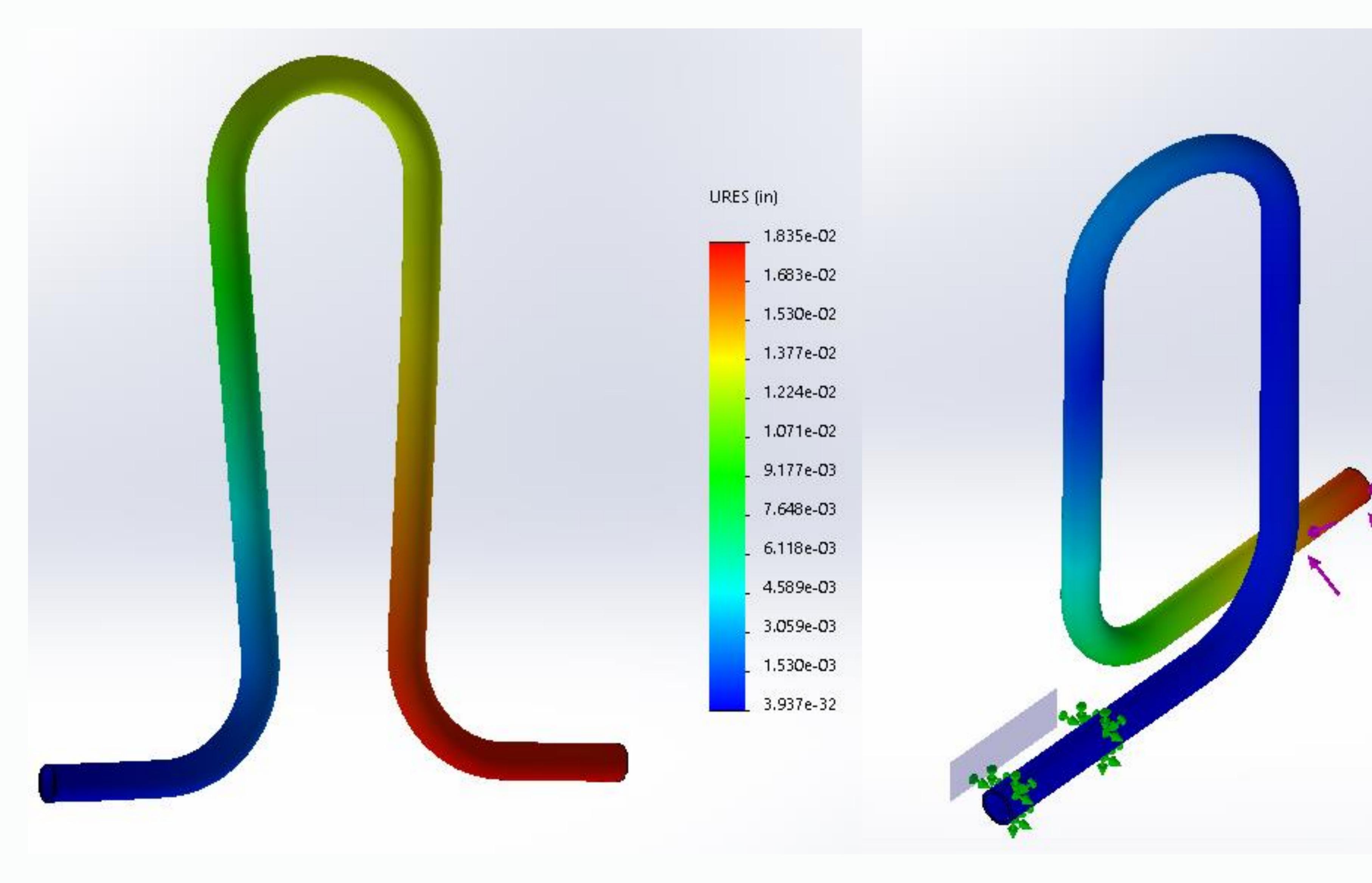
Contact Info



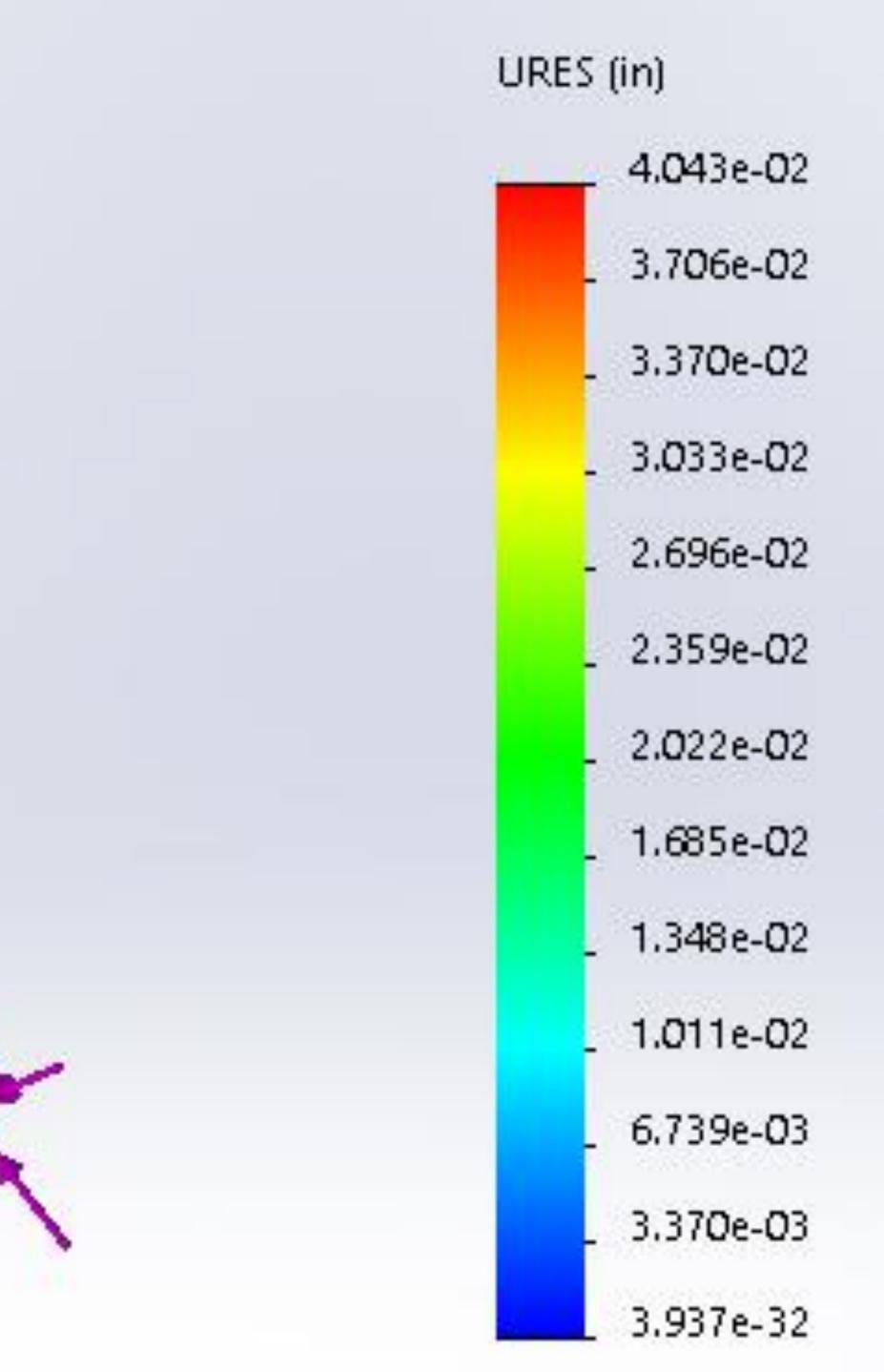




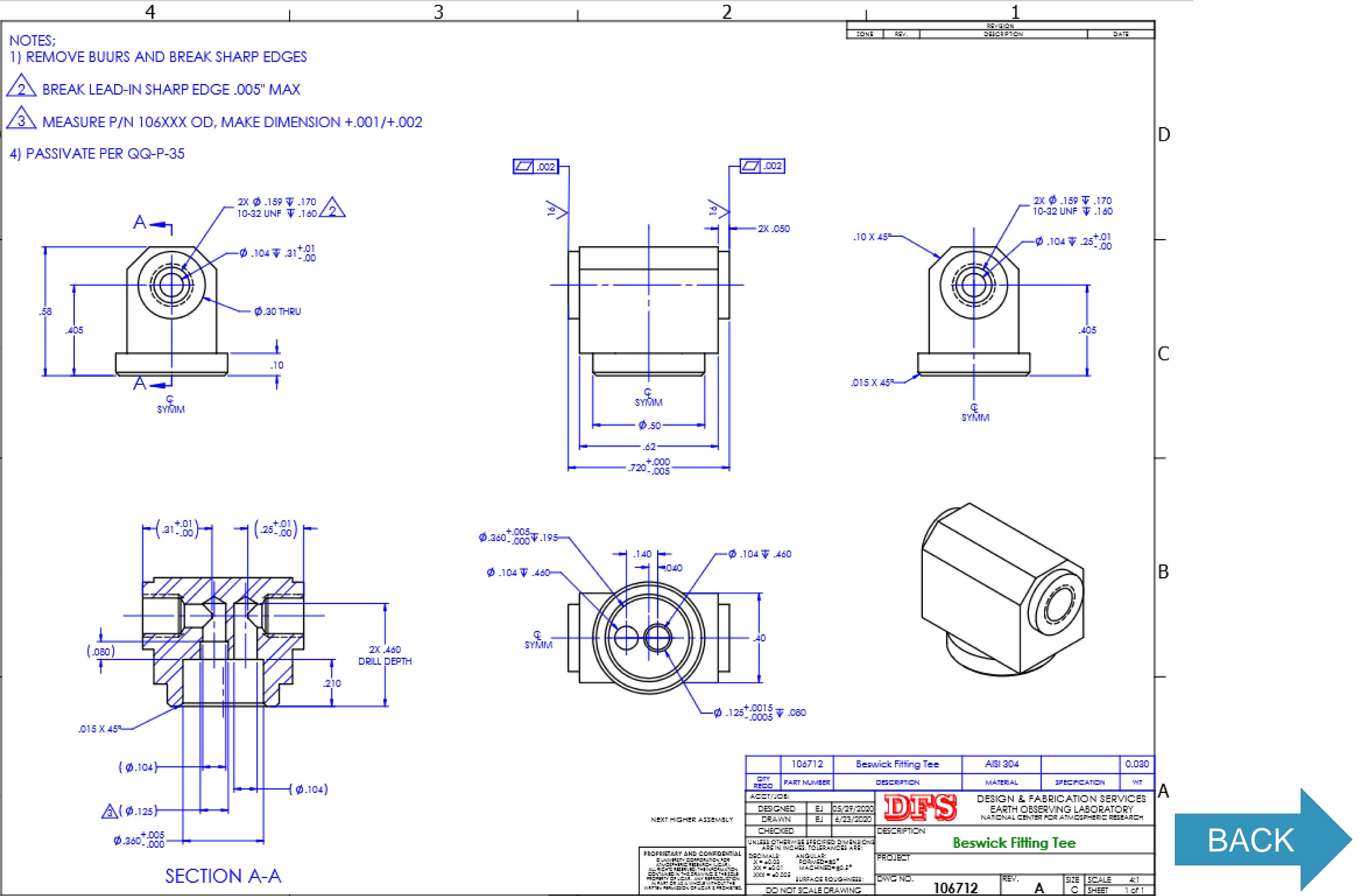
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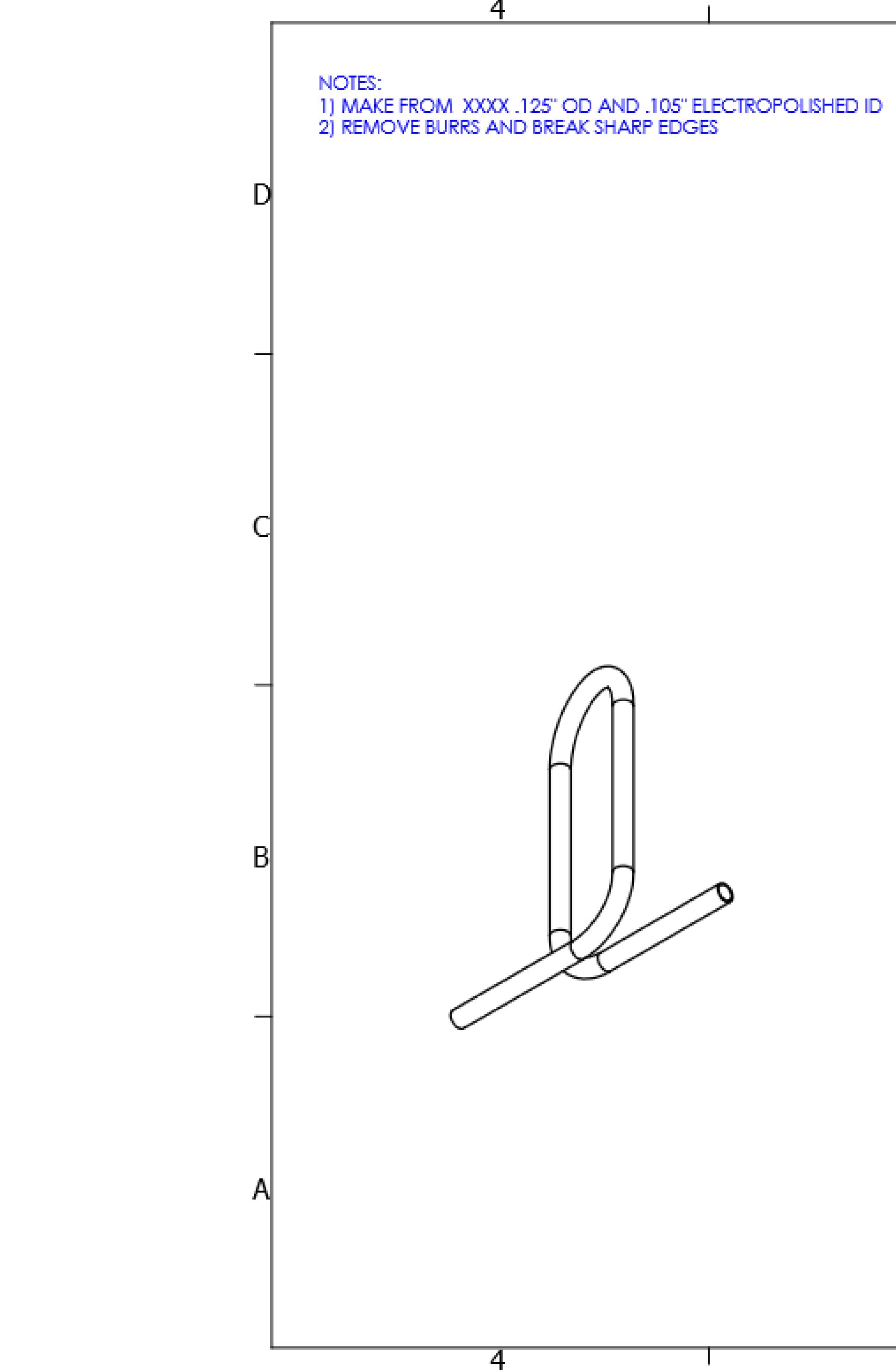
Finite Element Analysis to improve intuition about flexibility

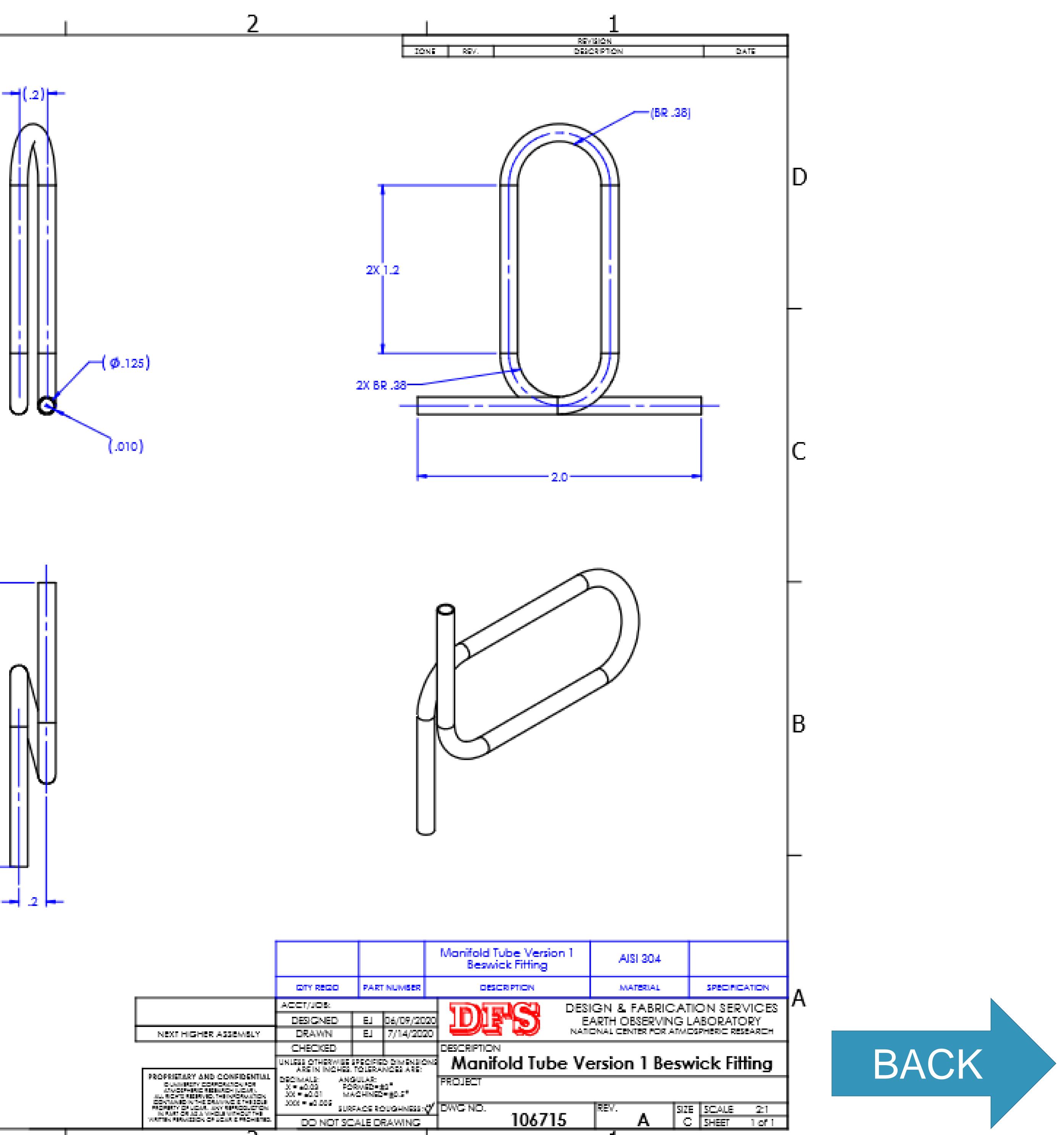


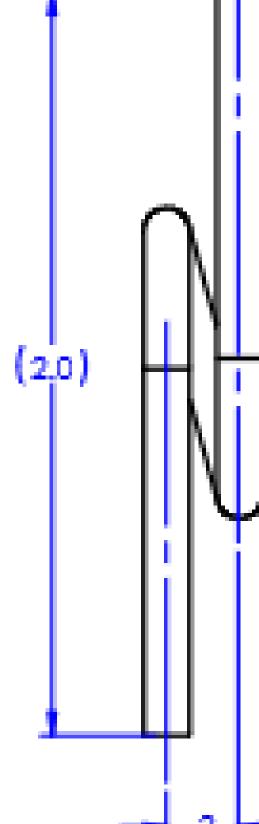
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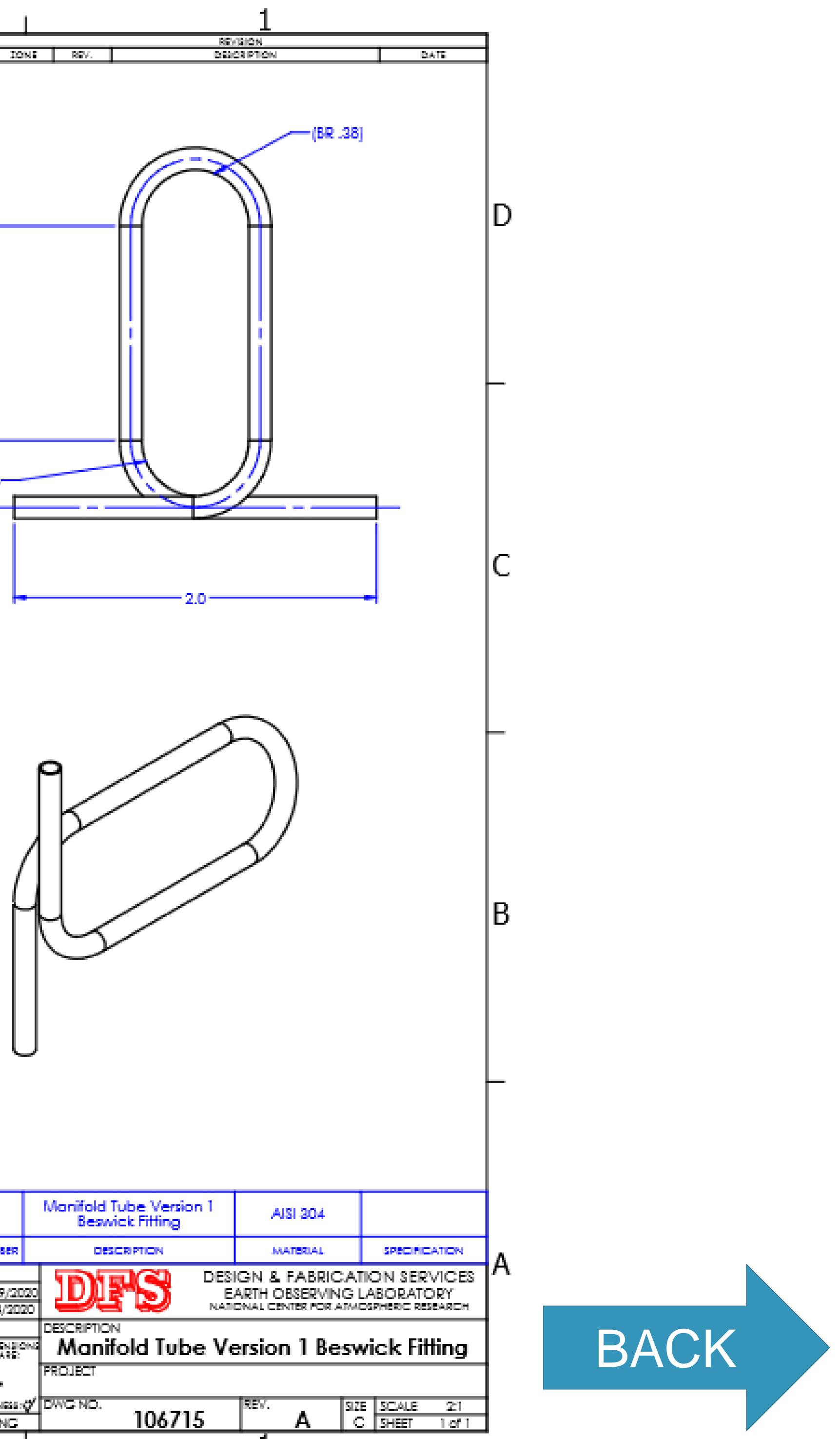


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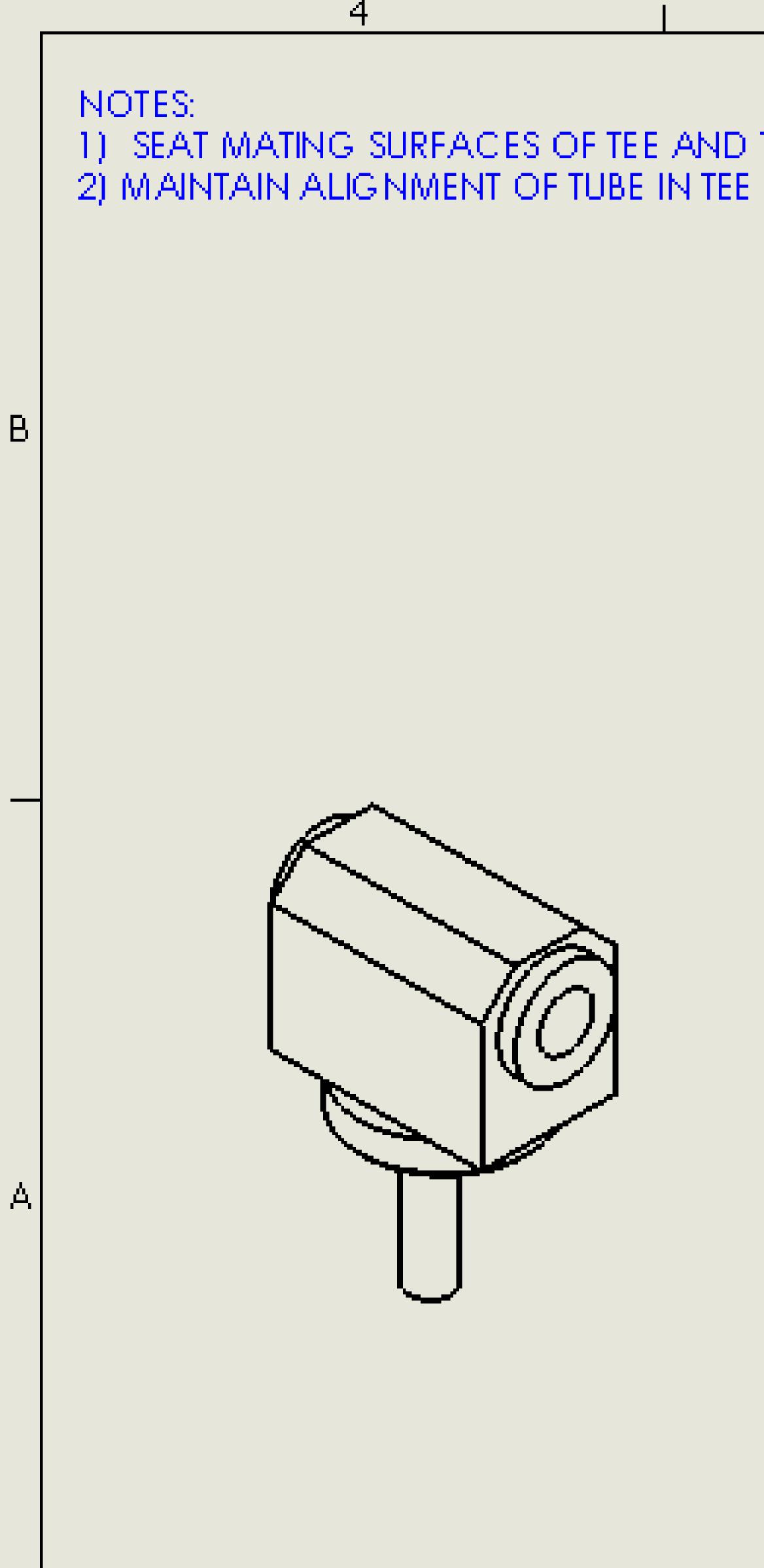




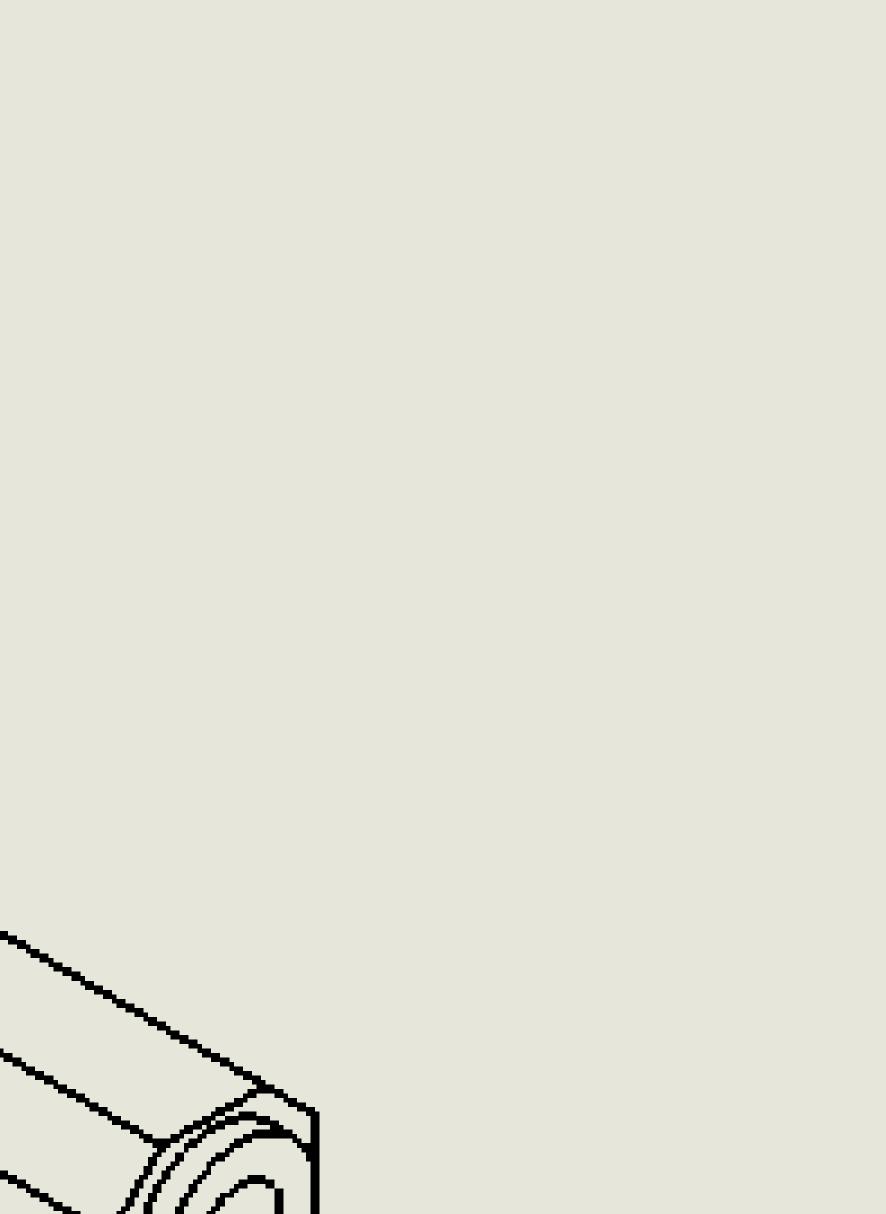


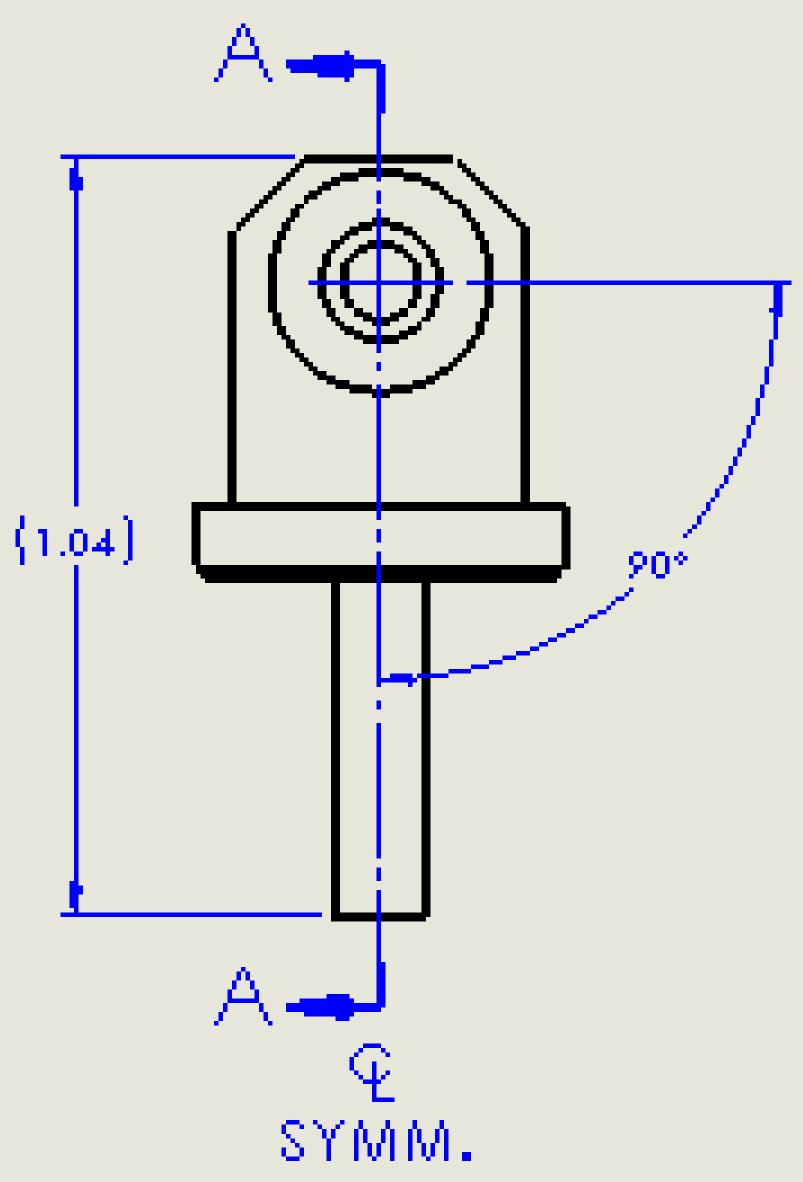


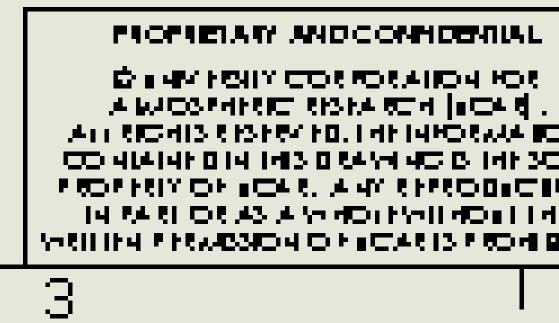
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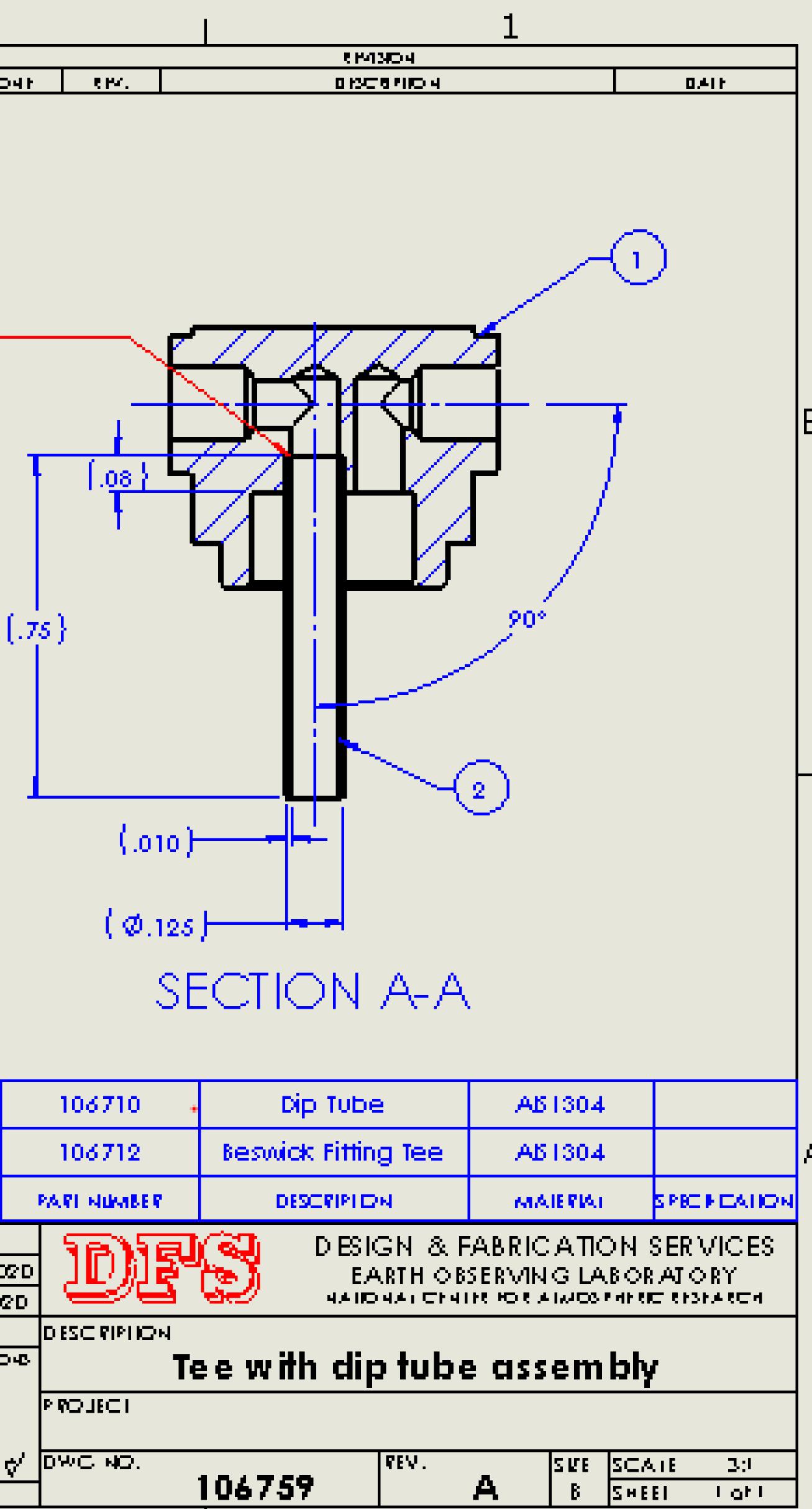
1) SEAT MATING SURFACES OF TEE AND TUBE BEFORE WELDING.











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