Seeking opportunities with perseverance: the example of the Sundowner Winds Experiment (SWEX)



April 1st – May 15, 2022 Santa Barbara County, California NSF-AGS 1921595

Leila Carvalho, University of California, Santa Barbara FARE User's workshop, NCAR, Boulder, September 19, 2023

Outline of this talk





Opportunity 1: the uniqueness



Opportunity 2: Scientific merit and Broader Impacts



- All major wildfires affecting coastal SB have been enhanced by strong downslope winds on the southern slopes of the Santa Ynez Mountains: "Sundowner Winds" (or Sundowners)
- ✓ Reason for the name: They tend to intensify after Sunset, and stay strong during the night causing significant drop in moisture.
- ✓ Critical need to understand mesoscale mechanisms and improve predictability

"All I know is that I know nothing ..."



First message: Do not be intimidated by the lack of knowledge or experience in field campaigns. Why should I invest my time and energy in writing a complex proposal for a field campaign?

- 1) Problem is relevant and observations are critical to test hypotheses.
- 2) Uniqueness: past experiments did not answer similar questions; measurements will help in building new theories.
- 3) Broader impacts: benefit society and the environment (SWEX: improve forecast of the most important fire weather regime in SB).
- 4) Contributes to other disciplines.

Roll up your sleeves and start!

First step: SHARE:

- Find partners excited about your ideas and interested in a field campaign (experienced partners help).
- Seek advice: VISIT NCAR/EOL- Discuss your ideas with experienced EOL scientists (ISS, ISFS, discuss benefits of dropsondes (AVAPS) and all other resources.)
- Visit other facility providers (e.g, the University of Wyoming, King Air research aircraft)
- Do not be afraid of your "wishing list".

Leading a successful proposal



Engage local communities and governmental/public institutions

- SWEX: Support of the Santa Barbara county Fire Department (wildfires)
- National Weather Service (LA/Oxnard office): interested in improve forecast of Sundowners.
- Santa Barbara Fire Council

SWEX Scientific Building Blocks

Sundowner winds based on Simulations Cannon et al. 2017



MEX Sundowner Regimes (Jones et al. 2020)





Scientific objectives & broader impacts:



Integrate multiple Sophisticated Instrumental platforms to:

 Investigate how boundary layer structure and dynamics in the SYM and Santa Ynez Valley and SB channel influence Sundowner winds;
Examine mechanisms relating high amplitude mountain waves, critical layers, and surface wind intensity.
Investigate how variations in boundary layer structure and tropospheric stability impact the predictability of Sundowner winds.
Transfer our scientific results to decision makers.
Educate the local community about fire weather risks in the SB county Recommendation: A low-budget "Pilot Study" (Sundowner during April 28/29, 2018) to warm-up, show "proof of concept" and feasibility

San Jose State University

CSU Mobile Atmospheric Profiling System

<u>UC Santa Barbara</u>

3-hourly radiosondes at one location during strong Sundowners.

Carvalho, et al. 2020: The Sundowner Winds Experiment (SWEX) Pilot Study: Understanding Downslope windstorms in the Santa Ynez Mountains, Santa Barbara, CA. *Monthly Weather Review, 148(4), pp.1519-1539*



Logistics: Santa Barbara County Fire Department



National Weather Service/Oxnard FORECAST OF THE EVENT



THE INAUGURAL SUBMISSION 2017/2018









Need improvement

Leading your team to a successful proposal requires optimism, patience and perseverance!

"If your first (or second, or third...) submission is not successful, just persevere!" (*Vanda Grubisic, former EOL director*)

EOL STAFF PROVIDES HELPFUL CRITICISMS THAT ARE CRUCIAL FOR THE SUCCESS OF YOUR EXPERIMENT.

• "FAILING" THE FIRST SUBMISSION WAS A GREAT BENEFIT FOR SWEX!

CRITICAL ISSUES THAT REQUIRE ATTENTION:

Adjusting your scientific problems to a low budget does not guarantee success (in our case, we excluded an aircraft and this was obviously a mistake).

A strong proposal should have reasonable requests but should not ignore critical instrumentation to answer the scientific questions.

Properly address safety issues and inherent problems that can compromise your experiment or require attention (ex. wildfires, or environmental issues and restrictive laws, accessibility, risk of robbery and vandalism, exposure to violence, among others – EOL helps to address these issues, whenever possible).



THE SUCCESSFUL PROPOSAL (2019/2020):





NSF

NSF-AGS 1921595





NCAR/EOL Project Manager (Alison Rockwell)

• Impossible to have decent experiment without the NCAR/EOL Project Manager

Assignments $\rightarrow \infty$:

Deal with permits and logistics

Help with the operation plan (the backbone of the experiment)
Help with recruitment (in our case, for Radiosonde launches)
Organize meetings, shared folders and all documents

Weekly/daily support and guidance before, during and after the experiment



APRIL 01- MAY 15, 2022

SWEX domain



Ground Instruments (April 1-May 15)

20 Surface Flux towers: 18 EOL, 1UND, 1 SUNY 3 infrasound Detectors



6 wind lidars (ground based), 5 ceilometers (EOL, UND, SJSU, SUNY)

Ceilometer



3 EOL Radar wind profilers (1 coast and2 Santa Ynez Valley) 1 Microwave Radiometer, 2 Sodar-RASS (UND)

Mobile Platforms and Aircraft: 13 missions



UVA Lidar on Wheels – measure winds below 1000m **NPS-Twin-Otter**

W119.925

N34 525

N34 475

N34-425°

025

NAV

W11982

JSU: Mobile Meteorological unit: near ground temperature and humidity

IOPs/EOPs Radiosondes in 4 sites, every 3 hours 8 times a day

Day: 10:00, 13:00, 16:00, 19:00, Night: 22:00, 01:00AM, 4:00AM, 7:00AM

16 Grad students, 8 undergraduates4 Lab assistants, 2 postdocsTotal: 30 people (16 UCSB, 14 SJSU)

SJSU: Gaviota, Fire Station 38

NCAR: Sedgwick reserve and Rancho Alegre

SJSU/UCSB: SBCF Headquarters

SWEX : EOL/UCAR Field Catalog and data management (Carol Constanza, Linda Echo-Hawk)

http://catalog.eol.ucar.edu/swex



SWEX Field Catalog

Sundowner Winds Experiment

Reports Status Products - Missions Tools & Links Data Access 🔂 Help Home Maps



Status

The SWEX field campaign took place 1 April 2022 to 15 May 2022 with flight operations based out of Oxnard, CA. The CIRPAS NPS Twin Otter equipped with lidars and dropsondes observed sundowners from the air while flux towers, lidars, wind profilers, cellometers, radiosondes, etc. provided observations from the ground. The team sucessfully conducted 10 IOPs and 3 EOPs.

SWEX Mission Table: Summary of SWEX operations and related products

SWEX Reports: List of reports related to project operations

SWEX Maps: Replay missions in a GIS environment

Data Access: Datasets for this project can be found in the Long Term Data Archive at NCAR/EOL for SWEX

SWEX Web Page at NCAR/EOL: All other Data Management related questions

Contact Us





April 1st-May 15, 2022- Very active season

13 missions (2 more than initially proposed) 10 IOPs (disturbed: 4 Eastern, 6 western) and 3 EOPs (undisturbed)

Focus on a few exciting preliminary results





~7:30 PDT

heading s,e=76.82, 77.17 pitch s,e=0.45, 1.56

roll s,e=0.65, -0.04 MSL s,e=-0.31, -2.16

UTC=20220414 023109

lon=-120.16

spd= 22.8 m/s

lat=34.47 MSL=-2 m

2500

TWIN Otter: CRL North-South Cross-section – eastern SB Montecito – Eastern Sundowner





Conclusions

- SWEX was a very successful campaign (13 missions total).
- Large spectrum of events that will enhance our understanding about Sundowner winds, mountain waves and predictability of downslope winds in coastal regions.
- No reported covid cases, accidents or injuries from the mounting to the tear down period.
- Strong collaborations with the NWS
- Important Synergies with regional fire agencies
- Great community support

The SWEX Saga:



2018 First submission: Needed Improvement!

 \rightarrow Second Submission: Funded!

2020 Pandemic: Aborted 2 weeks before starting

2021 Large uncertainty : Postponed again

2022 Finally Successful!!

Acknowledgements:

- NSF for the support and understanding
- Vanda Grubisic (NCAR/EOL) (Mentorship and encouragement)

2019

- Alison Rockwell (NCAR/EOL) (Project Management and support)
- EOL staff, students and postdocs for their professionalism
- NWS office LA/Oxnard for the timely daily briefings
- SBC Fire Department and Montecito Fire Department for unconditional support



The END



Two Flights:

Afternoon: ~12:30 to 03:30 PDT

Evening: ~17:30 to 21:00 PDT

Flights were adjusted according to the event forecast

NPS Twin-Otter Fights during IOP/EOP missions





TWIN Otter: CRL North-South Cross-section – eastern SB Montecito – Western Sundowner



Driving down the slopes

April 13, 20:46-21:18 PDT



Water-Vapor Mixing ratio near Refugio Beach around 12:30 PDT



And the owner of the owner o



Broad Impacts

• Strong and fruitful collaboration with the NWS/LA Oxnard ->



UCSB Real-time WRF forecasts

mean-time numerical weather forecasts for Southern California are performed with the Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) model. WRF configuration includes two nested domains with 6 km and 2 km horizontal grid spacings and 55 vertical levels.

Current runs:

* 00UTC run: Initial and boundary conditions from NCEP NAM 12 km forecasts, 84 hour forecasts

* Physical parameterizations: mp_physics=6, ra_lw_physics=4, ra_sw_physics=4, sf_sfclay_physics=5, sf_surface_physics=4, bl_pbl_physics=5, cu_physics=6 (6 km grid only), sst=update=1 (every 6 hr)

For more information, please contact Professor Charles Jones

WRF 2 km products - 00 UTC Initial Condition - 84-hour forecasts

Model run status (click)

Surface fields	Skew-T profiles	Meteogram	s Time x Height	Cross sections	Hovmoller	
2 km Full domair	2 km Full do	main 2	km zoom over Santa Barba	ra 2 km zoom over So	2 km zoom over Santa Barbara	
Winds (10 m)	Precipitati	on W	inds (10 m)			
Specific Humidity (2	m) Clouds: < 1	20m Te	emperature (2 m)			
Temperature (2m) Clouds: [120		0m,2km] Re	elative Humidity (2 m)			
Relative Humidity (2m) Clouds: [2km,5km]		(m,5km] Sp	ecific Humidity (2 m)			

Sundowner Wind Metrics

MEAN SEA LEVEL PRESSURE DIFFERENCES AMONG SANTA BARBARA, SANTA MARIA AND BAKERSFIELD AIRPORTS

84hs WRF Forecasts and products (2km resolution) Products have been incorporated in their daily operations

Santa Barbara County and Montecito Fire Departments: Strong interest in the research we develop

WESTERN AND EASTERN SUNDOWNER WIND REGIMES: PC1 AND PC2 FORECASTS



Decision making



> Daily (10:00 PDT) briefings with the NWS/LA **Oxnard office (LOX) Final decisions: 24h in advance** > Eastern or Western regimes (usually based on pressure gradient proxies and 84h UCSB 2km WRF simulations provided daily to the NWS - LOX) > Avoided two consecutive days in the field

Doppler lidar data upstream and downstream



UNIVERSITY OF

NOTRE DAME

VITA CEDO DUE SPES

The Importance of the twin-otter measurements over the SB Channel and across the eastern Portion of the domain where we have less instruments

CIRPAS Doppler Lidar-Augmentation flights





-119.7

-119.6

500

-120.5

-120.4

-120.3

-120.2

-120.1

-120

Longitude

-119.9

-119.8

NE downslope flow from land to water undercuts and lifts the LLJ over the Santa Barbara Channel

Higher aerosol content in the down slope flow than that in the LLJ over the water.



Education and Outreach

• Education

- Training of 30 students (18 grad, 8 undergraduate, 4 lab assistants)
- Two postdocs, 1 Project Scientist



Outreach

- EOL instrumental demonstration to K-12 at Rancho Alegre
- Interview to the local TV-News
- Invitation to talk about SWEX at the SB County Fire Council
- Invitation to participate in a panel and record a video during the Wildfire Preparedness Exposition (at Direct Relief)
- Informal visit of Firefighters and the public in general during balloon Launching
- Invitation to talk about SWEX to Senator Dianne Feinstein staff at Sedgwick Reserve

Safety, Respect and Collegiality

- Safety: we were very serious about the safety of the team and students.
- Our strategies (working in shifts, same group of people in sites) have demonstrated to be successful
- No case of COVID, no injury or accident reported during mounting, teardown and throughout the 45 days of the campaign.
- Communication among participants using Slack was very efficient and worked during night and day.
- The SWEX catalog "map" feature allowed us to check all the mobile platforms in real time. Communication with the Twin-Otter was very efficient.
- Collegiality and respectful behavior among students, researchers and the community permeated all aspects of the field campaign.



Challenges and Opportunities

- The onset of the Pandemic in 2020, two weeks before the starting of the SWEX campaign and all the uncertainties in the next 2 years were the major challenge of the project
- Thanks to a cohesive and respectful team, and the understanding and support of the NSF program managers, we overcame these obstacles.
- Set backs: Graduate Student support and time to degree; the unavailability of the UWy King Air in 2022
- Opportunities:
- 1) data collected by the UND lidar was used for a dissertation and to create a framework for a new proposal.
- 2) Inclusion of CIRPAS Twin-Otter equipped with a Doppler lidar
- 3) Improve UCSB weather products to forecast Sundowners

NEX Remarkable thermodynamic contrasts



East Valley: 20:53:20 UTC- 13:53:20 PDT

East Channel" 21:45:17 UTC (14:45:17 PDT)







MEX Sundowner Regimes (Jones et al. 2020)

