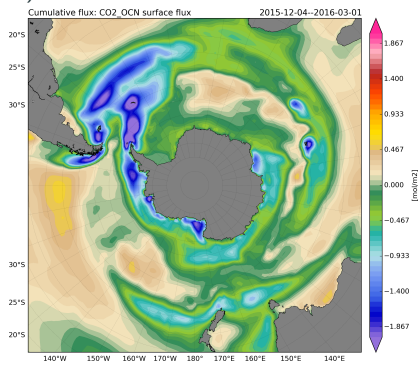
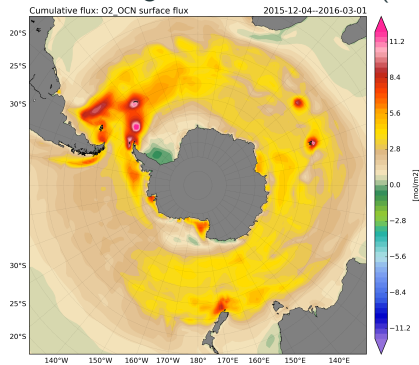
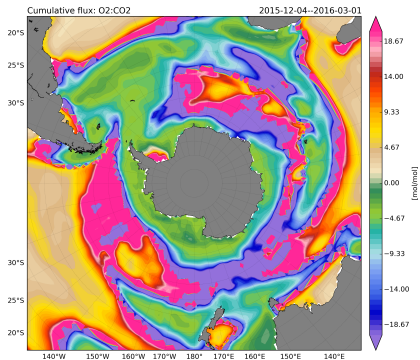


- Interpreting observed O₂:CO₂ ratios;
- Validation of CESM;
- Decomposition of flux variability.

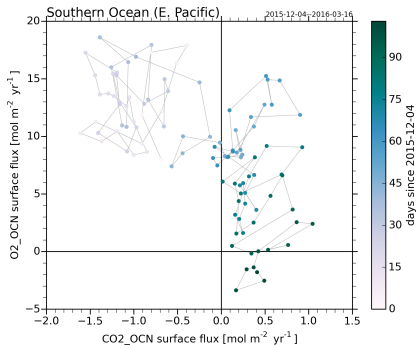
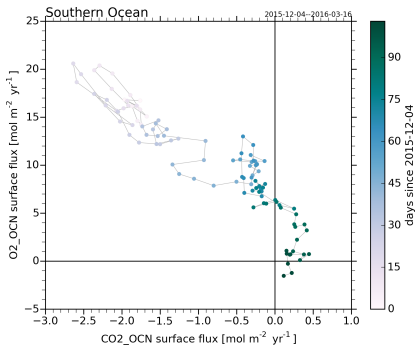
Time-integrated surface fluxes (Dec–Feb)



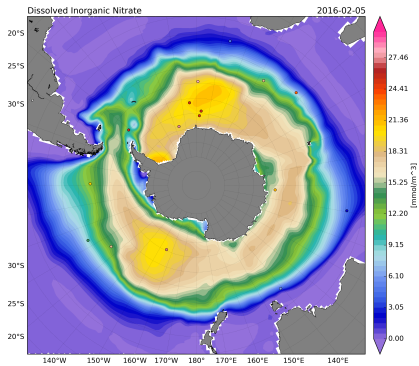
Time-integrated surface flux O₂:CO₂ ratio (Dec–Feb)



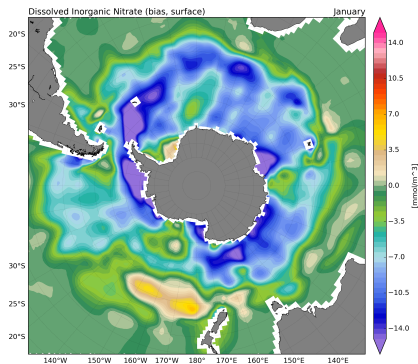
Surface fluxes in phase space (Dec–Feb)



Surface nitrate

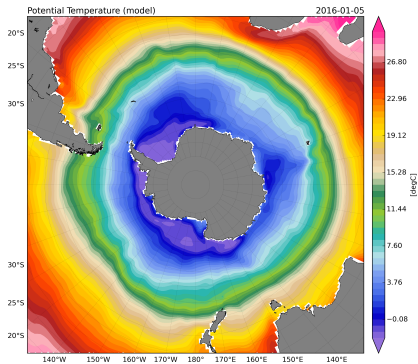


Nitrate bias (wrt WOA2013)

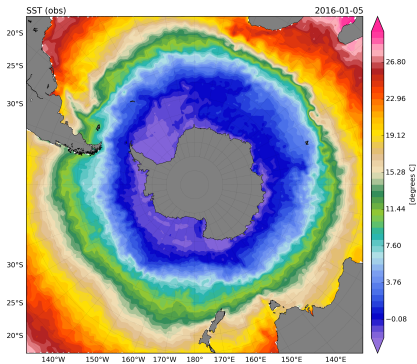


CESM & SOCCOM

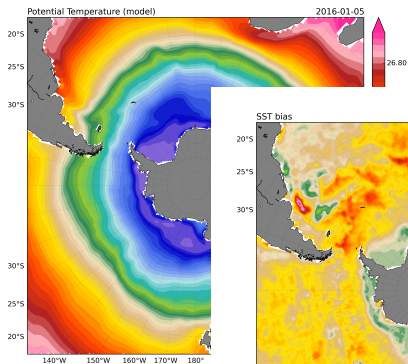
SST model



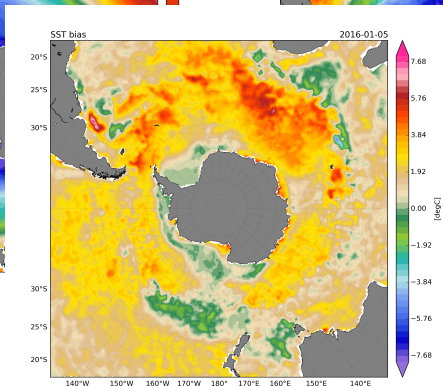
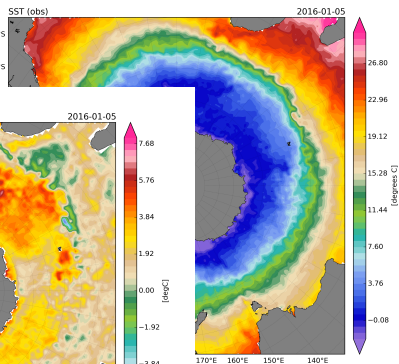
SST observations



SST model



SST observations



What is the role of high-flux events in driving seasonal fluxes?

Reynold's decomposition

$$c = \bar{c} + c'$$

where

$$\bar{\bar{c}} = \bar{c} \text{ and } \overline{c'} = 0$$

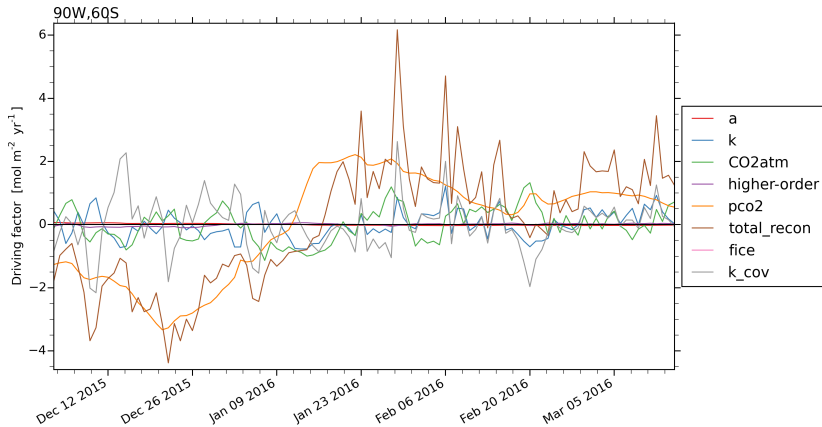
Linear decomposition of anomalies for function of two variables

$$F = AB$$

$$\begin{aligned} F' &= (AB)' = AB - \overline{(AB)} \\ &= A'\bar{B} + \bar{A}B' + A'B' + \overline{A'B'} \end{aligned}$$

Flux decomposition

CO₂ flux components (at arbitrary point)



Flux decomposition

O₂ flux components (at arbitrary point)

