

Assessing Transport Pathways during HIPPO using Chemical Tracers

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Outline

- Examine O₃ / CO correlations throughout troposphere and UT/LS:
 - \bullet O₃ -> tracer of stratospheric origin
 - CO -> tracer of tropospheric origin
- Map preferred regions of positive and negative correlations
- Characterize the observed correlations as a function of underlying transport, photochemical processes, hemispheric asymmetry, and seasonal dependence













HIPPO-1 HIPPO-2 HIPPO-3 HIPPO-1 Southbound HIPPO-2 Southbound HIPPO-3 Southbound 16 16 14 12 Altitude (km) ltitude (k Altitude (N -> S -40 0 Latitude 60 80 -60 0 Latitude 20 80 -20 0 Latitude 40 80 -60 -20 20 40 -40 -20 40 60 -60 -40 20 60

Winds









Summary

- Correlation residuals from O₃ / CO vertical profiles provide a tool to illustrate transport and photochemical processes during HIPPO.
- O₃ / CO anti-correlations provide evidence of stratospheric air in the UT (at higher latitudes and around the jet stream) and of boundary layer pollution.
- O₃ / CO positive correlations could be explained by in situ photochemical production, mainly found throughout the tropics.
- Seasonal variability in transport and photochemical processes is evidenced by changes in the distribution of these trace gases.