



# HAIC/HIWC International Field Campaigns Summary

- International Field Campaign Objectives
- Darwin International Field Campaign Overview
- Cayenne International Field Campaign Overview





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# HAIC/HIWC International Field Campaign International Field Campaign Objectives

HAIC/HIWC international Field Campaign was set up to enhance knowledge of ice crystal icing in deep convective clouds and be able to assess future regulations.

The field campaign was the result of an **international collaboration** between the HAIC, EASA-HighIWC and HIWC projects and involved necessary **expertise** in a wide range of skills and the **main stakeholders** in the field, whether they were based in Europe, North America, Australia or Japan.

### **Industry Objectives**

| Industry Objectives   | HAIC        | HIWC        | Priority |
|---|-------------|-------------|----------|
| E1: Characterize 99th percentile TWC and particle size for        | X           | Х           | P0       |
| FAA/EASA regulatory objectives                                    |             |             |          |
| E2: Flight-Deck Recognition of the High-IWC Environment Incl. IDS | Х           | Х           | P2       |
| & WXR   | (partially) | (partially) |          |
| E3: Development of Tools to Nowcast the High-IWC Environment      | Х           | Х           | P1       |
|   | (partially) |             |          |





# HAIC/HIWC International Field Campaign International Field Campaign Objectives

### **Science Objectives**

| Science Objectives  | HAIC        | HIWC | Priority |
|---|-------------|------|----------|
| S1: Characterize the microphysical and thermodynamic properties | Х           | Х    | P1       |
| of core or near-core regions                                    |             |      |          |
| S2: Determine the small ice particle formation mechanisms and   | X           | Х    | P2       |
| importance to bulk microphysical properties                     |             |      |          |
| S3: Determine the temporal and spatial evolution of the mixed-  | Х           | Х    | P2       |
| phase   |             |      |          |
| S4: Validate and improve ground remote sensing algorithms of    |             | Х    | P2       |
| cloud properties  |             |      |          |
| S5: Validate and improve satellite remote sensing algorithms of | Х           | Х    | P1       |
| cloud properties  | (partially) |      |          |
| S6: Improve cloud resolving model simulations                   |             | Х    | P2       |
| S7: 3D high-resolution characterization of the dynamical and    | Х           | Х    | P1       |
| microphysical properties of ice clouds (RASTA / T-Matrix)       |             |      |          |





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# HAIC/HIWC International Field Campaign Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

## **Approach**

- Conducted a 9 week field campaign based in Darwin Australia to acquire data in deep convective clouds with the primary objective to provide 99th percentile total water content statistics, as a function of distance scale, to industry and regulators.
- Utilized the SAFIRE Falcon 20 aircraft equipped with active remote sensing (airborne Doppler cloud radar) and in situ microphysics probes
- Utilized satellite, ground-based radar and lightning networks, and weather models to determine test areas and to support post-test data analysis

### Schedule:

June ZU14

| Items   | Schedule                       |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Falcon 20 departure from Toulouse and arrival in Darwin | January 8 to January 12, 2014  |
| Instruments installation, Power ON and Ground tests     | January 13 to January 14, 2014 |
| Start of the campaign                                   | January 15, 2014               |
| Preliminary F/T in dry air and high IWC regions         | January 15 to January 17, 2014 |
| HAIC/HIWC Field Campaign                                | January 18 to March 14, 2014   |
| End of the campaign                                     | March 14, 2014                 |
| Instruments unmounting                                  | March 15 to March 16, 2014     |
| Falcon 20 departure from Darwin and arrival in Toulouse | March 17 to March 21, 2014     |

## Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

### <u>Instrumentation</u>

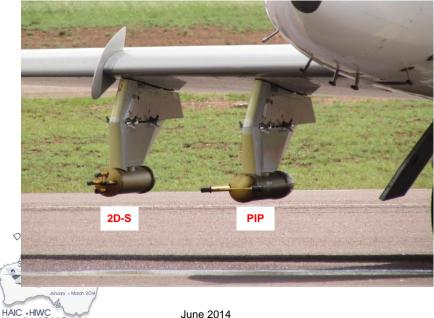
Particular instrumentation had been developed for HAIC/HIWC international field campaign.

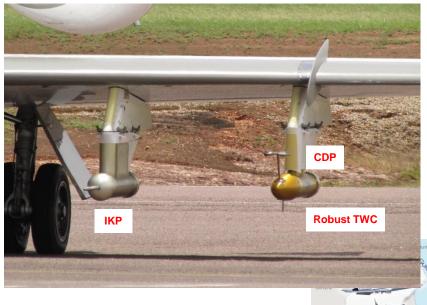
|                 | Belly<br>Aperture   | Under wing<br>Pylon#1             | Under wing<br>Pylon#2              | Cabin                | Under wing<br>Pylon#3           | Under wing<br>Pylon#4                         | Other                        |
|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Baseline        | SEA LWC<br>Probe    | 2D-S<br>10 to 1280μm<br>* 1 spare | PIP<br>100 to 6200 μm<br>* 1 spare | RASTA<br>Radar       | IKP Ref TWC  * Spare components | CDP (2-50µm) Robust (TWC)  * 2 spares         | AMPERA  * No spare  WSSI     |
| Alternate       | SEA ICD  * No spare |                                   |                                    | * No spare           | CPI Particles shapes  * 1 spare | CPSPD<br>2 to 50μm<br>* No spare              | * No spare  CR-2  * No spare |
| Alternate<br>#2 |                     | CIP<br>(back-up)                  | 2D-P<br>(back-up)                  | CAMERA<br>in Cockpit | HSI Particles shapes  * 1 spare | SEA LWC Probe Or SEA ICD (Robust replacement) | RICE LM5  * No spare         |

Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

### **Test Aircraft: SAFIRE Falcon 20**







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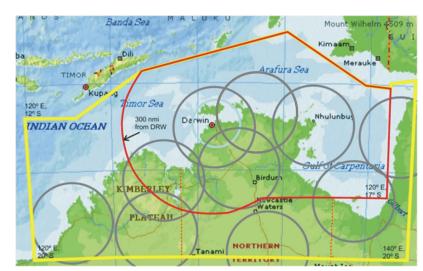
Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

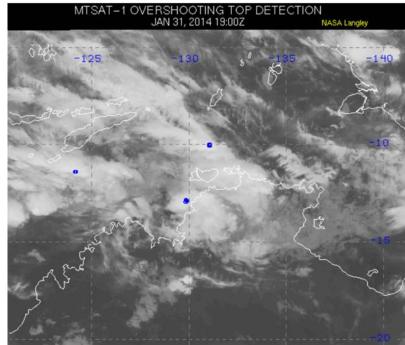
### **Logistics**

**Operational Area:** 

**Observations Network:** 

- Weather Radars: A large BOM research and operational weather radars network including C-Pol research polarimetric weather radar
- Satellite: Primary source of satellite data was MTSAT-1R scans provided by JMA.
   For the field campaign, special 10 min rapid scan data was provided to support flight guidance and research.







Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

#### Schedule:

- Timeframe: January 16 to March 7, 2014
  - ▶ Campaign started as planned. All team members, equipment, and the Falcon 20 arrived in Darwin on time.
  - Significant monsoon conditions from start through mid February
  - Campaign ended 1-week early due to aircraft maintenance and forecasted waning storms





### Flights:

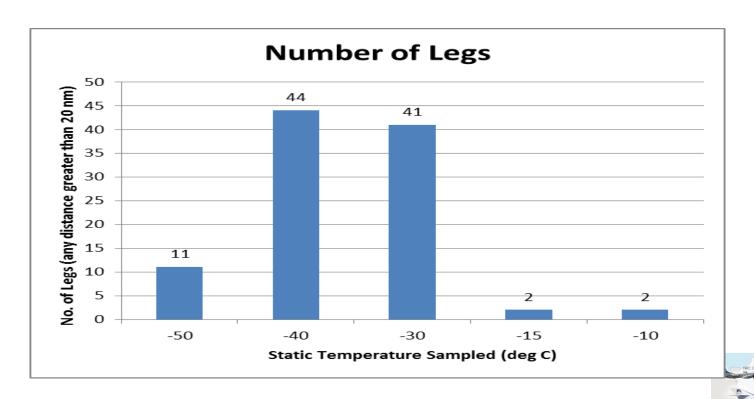
- Conducted 23 research and calibration flights
  - Used 72 of 150 flt-hrs budgeted for research flights



# HAIC/HIWC International Field Campaign Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

#### Data:

- Acquired cloud microphysical and remote sensing data during 100 level transects at various altitudes.
  - 11 legs at -50C; 44 legs at -40C; 41 legs at -30C; 4 legs at -15C/-10C
  - Required 100 transects of 20 nautical mile scale length at each of -50C, -30C, -10C altitude levels to achieve 99<sup>th</sup> percentile statistics





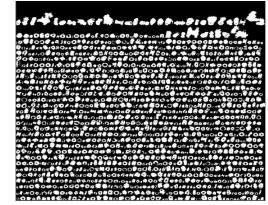
Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

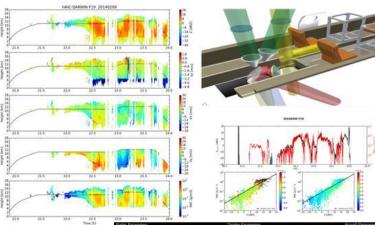
#### Data sets include:

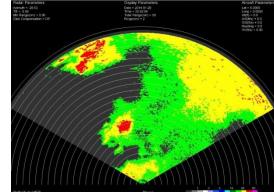
- TWC (IKP, Robust)
- Particle Spectra (CDP, 2D-S, PIP)
- Particle imaging (2D-S, PIP)
- Cloud Radar Reflectivity / Doppler Velocity (RASTA)
- Temperature, Water vapor, Altitude
- Pilot Wx Display (Primus 660)
- Satellite data
- Ground radar data
- Weather Model Output

### **Data Analysis On-going**

- Multi-party effort:
  - FAA-sponsoring project scientist to work on IKP data set and TWC statistics
  - ▶ Europeans working particle spectra, Robust and RASTA radar
  - BoM working ground radar and RASTA
    - Many others working on other aspects







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Darwin International Field Campaign Overview

### **Conclusion**

- 23 Flights and 72F/H achieved on site (target 150F/H)
  - High quality dataset
  - Oceanic convection at FL -30°C and -40°C, only few data at -10°C and -50°C
  - Most of the data acquired in MCS ~ 2-3 hours after peak intensity
- HAIC/HIWC Field Campaign terminated on 07-March 2014 in agreement with funding agencies (EASA, FAA, European Commission)
- A/C back in Toulouse on 21-March 2014 as planned

### **Way Forward**

Pursue post-treatment of all data collected during the international Field Campaign

As the objective to provide **99th percentile total water content statistics**, as a function of distance scale, was not reached for at least two flights levels, decision was taken to perform **a second campaign in May 2015 out of Cayenne, French Guyana** to complete the database.

Cayenne 2015 campaign was supported by the HAIC, EASA-HighIWC

and HIWC research projects with the additional support of ICC:

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Cayenne International Field Campaign Overview

- Conduct a 3 weeks field campaign out of Cayenne,
   French Guyana to collect data in deep convective
   clouds with the primary objective to provide 99th
   percentile total water content statistics, as a
   function of distance scale, to industry and regulators.
  - Use the SAFIRE Falcon 20 aircraft equipped with active remote sensing (airborne Doppler cloud radar) and in situ microphysics probes to sample -50°C/-10°C Flight Level
  - Use the NRC Convair 580 aircraft equipped with active remote sensing (airborne Doppler cloud radar) and in situ microphysics probes to sample -10°C Flight Level and vicinity of clouds
  - Use the Honeywell B757 aircraft equipped with enhanced weather radar to validate radar ice crystals awareness function thanks to other A/C in-situ measurements





NRC Convair 580 (atmosphere characterization)



Honeywell B757 (weather radar)



Use satellite, ground-based radar, lightning networks, and weather models & nowcasting tools to determine test areas and to support post-test data analysis

# HAIC/HIWC International Field Campaign Cayenne International Field Campaign Overview

The field campaign took place from May 9, 2015 to May 29, 2015
 (1 month campaign)

| Items  | Schedule               |  |  |
|--|------------------------|--|--|
| Falcon 20 departure from Toulouse and arrival in Cayenne | May 3 to May 6, 2015   |  |  |
| Instruments installation, Power ON and Ground tests      | May 7-8, 2015          |  |  |
| Start of the campaign                                    | May 9, 2015            |  |  |
| Preliminary F/T in dry air and high IWC regions          | May 9, 2015            |  |  |
| HAIC/HIWC Field Campaign                                 | May 11, 2015           |  |  |
| End of the campaign                                      | May 29, 2015           |  |  |
| Instruments unmounting                                   | May 30, 2015           |  |  |
| Falcon 20 departure from Cayenne and arrival in Toulouse | May 31 to June 3, 2015 |  |  |

| A/C              | Deployment     | Flight Hours                                      |
|------------------|----------------|---|
| SAFIRE Falcon 20 | 6-31 May 2015  | 102,4F/H including ferry flight → 59,4F/H on-site |
| NRC CONVAIR      | 6-29 May 2015  | ~45F/H on-site                                    |
| HWL B757         | 14-30 May 2015 | ~35F/H on site                                    |





Cayenne International Field Campaign Overview



Falcon 20 located on the military side

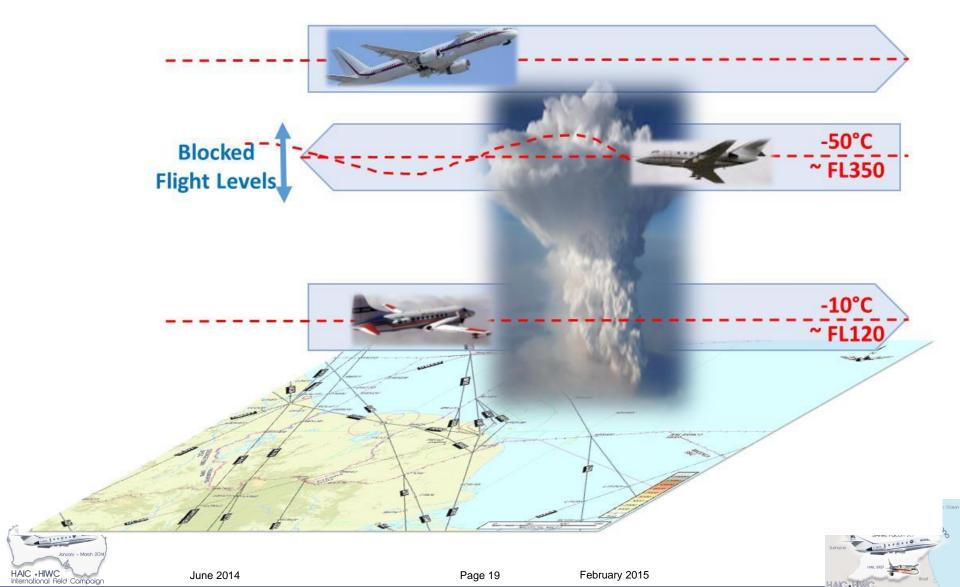
 Convair and B757 located on civilian side (parking in front of the control tower)



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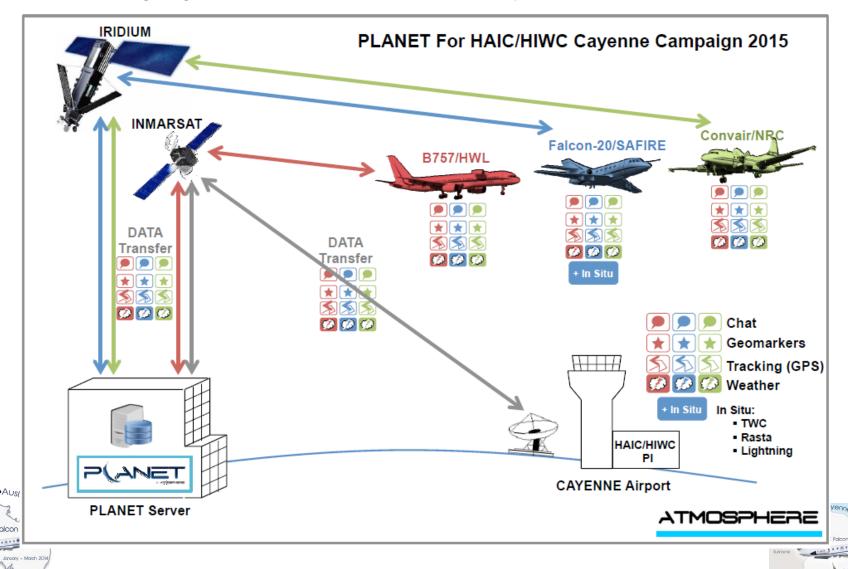
Cayenne International Field Campaign Overview

Operations Challenge



Cayenne International Field Campaign Overview

→ PLANET Flight guidance tool adaptation for Cayenne 2015



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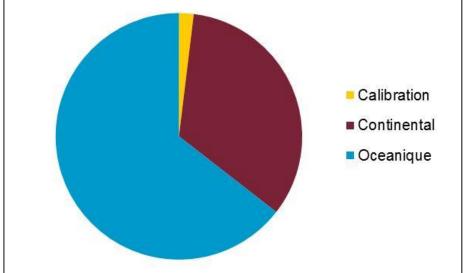
HAIC ·HIWC

## Cayenne International Field Campaign Overview

→ Intense and fruitful campaign which allowed collecting a large set of data to support regulatory objectives, science and the development of new ice crystals awareness system.

### 19 flights performed:

- 1 A/C = 5 flights
- 2 A/C = 8 fligths
- 3 A/C = 6 flights
- → Large dataset collected International collaboration for data post-treatment (HAIC/HIWC)



Repartition of flights (Flight Hours)

### **Next Steps:**

- Data Post-processing
- Assessment of the relevance of App D/P & Recommendations





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# Thank you for your attention.

Questions?



