OWLeS Radiosonde Systems

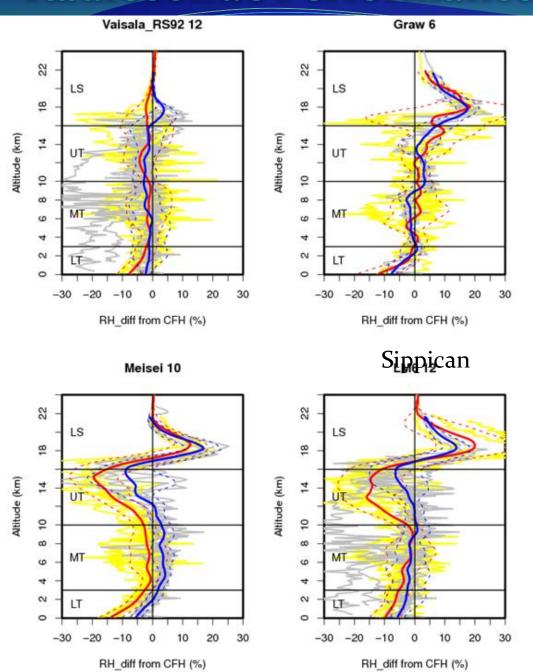
university	vendor	model	post- processing	sampling rate	ascent rate
1111. 1	CDAM	DE	CD AVAILABET		
U Utah	GRAW	DF-09	GRAWMET-5		
Millersville U	Vaisala	RS-92-SGPL	MW-41 V1.1	ı Hz	4.2 (100 g) 5.3 (200 g)
SUNY Oswego	Vaisala	RS-92-SGPD	latest from vendor		~3
UIUC	GRAW	DF-09	GRAWMET-5	ı Hz	~3
HWS	GRAW	DFM-o6	GRAWMET-5	1HZ	~3

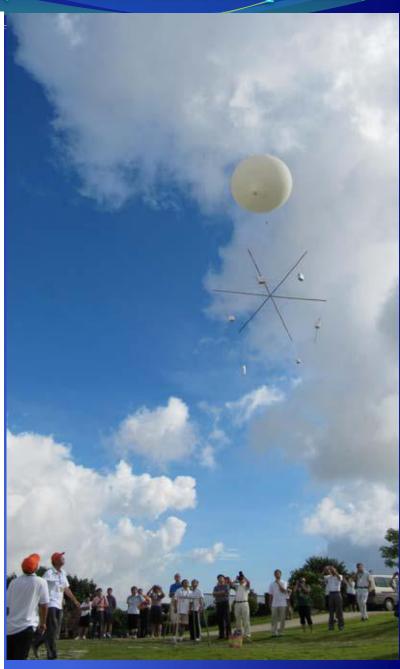
- 1. Radiosonde performance?
- 2. Importance of inter-comparisons among sondes and with other instruments
- 3. Enough ascent rate for Vaisala RS92
- 4. Consistent data processing and same formats



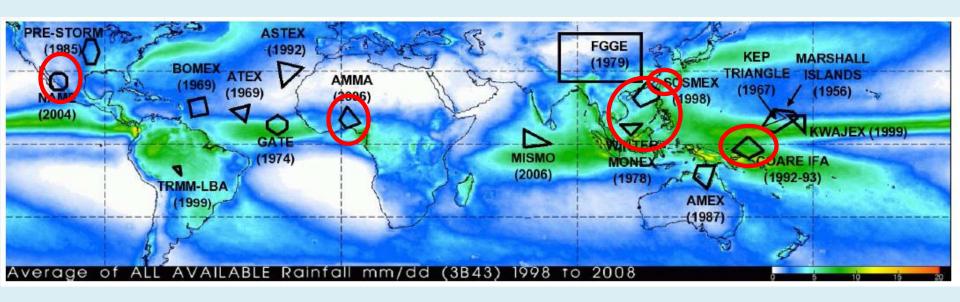


Radiosonde Performance (WMO 2010 Intercomparison)



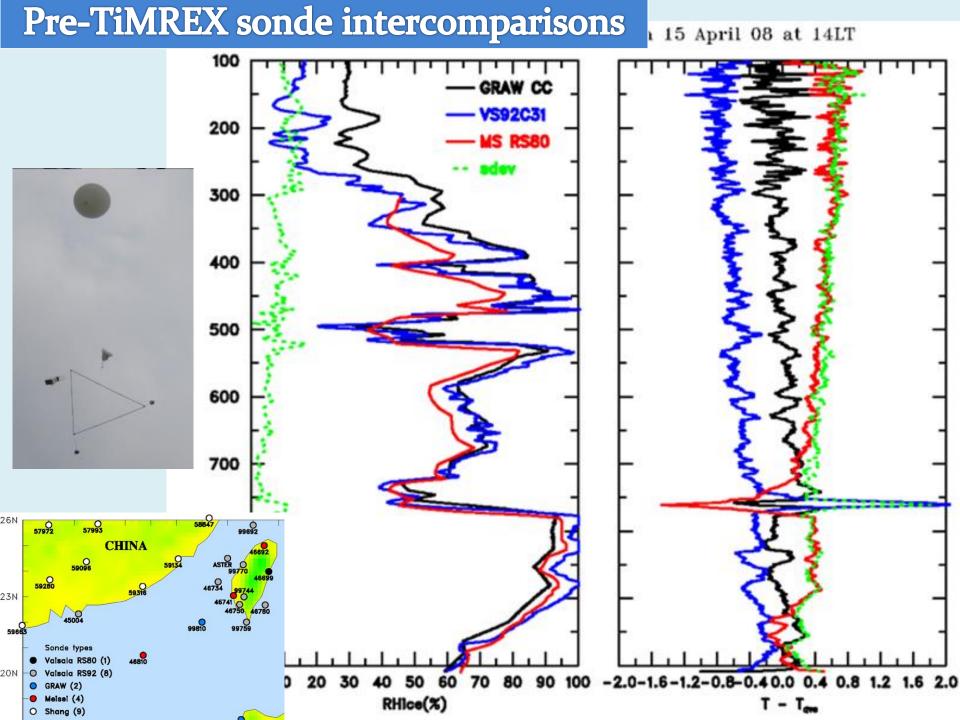


Why Intercomparison? (lesson learn from before) Why do we become more efficient?



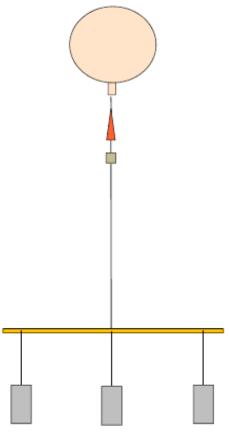
exp. name	dates	# snds	# sn types	Time
TOGA COARE:	11/1992–2/1993	~14,000	3	10 yr
SCSMEX:	5-6/1998	~23,000	?	4 yr
NAME:	7/1-8/15/2004	~24,000	?	3 yr
TiMREX:	5/15-6/25/2008	~2,300	?	2 yr
DYNAMO	10/2011-3/2012	~25,000	7	1.5 yr

Courtesy of Dick Johnson, CSU



Multiple sonde configuration

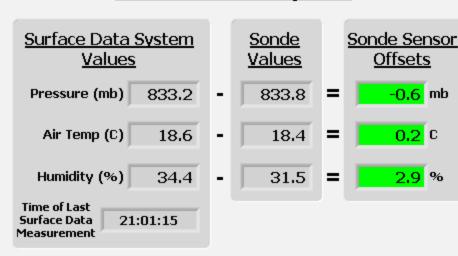
Instruments connected to rig, hanging

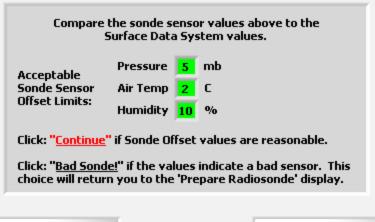




Comparisons of prelaunch radiosonde and surface data (both in field and post-processing)

Compare Radiosonde Data to Surface Data System

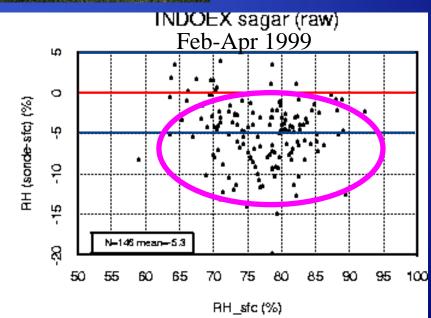




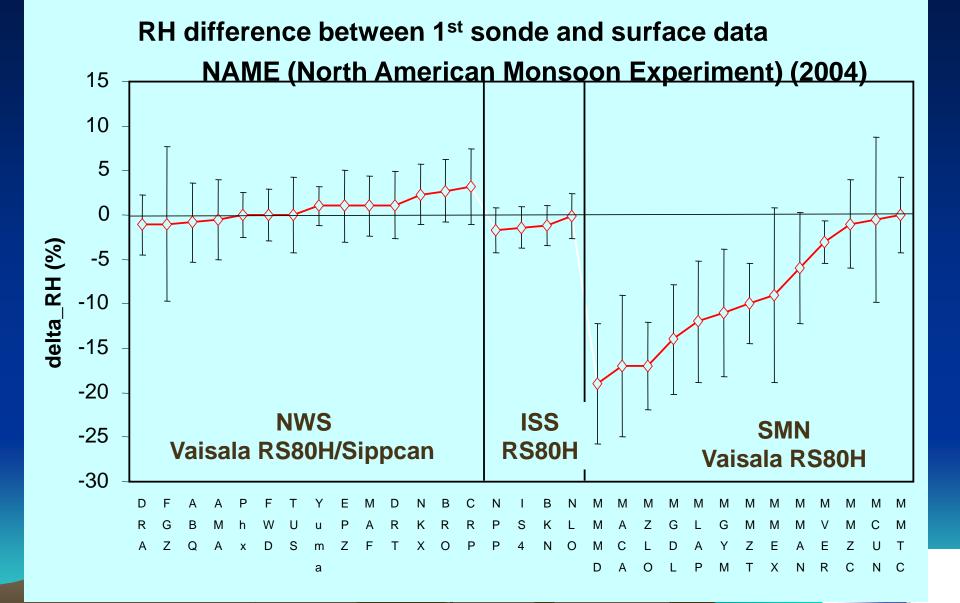
Continue

Bad Sonde!

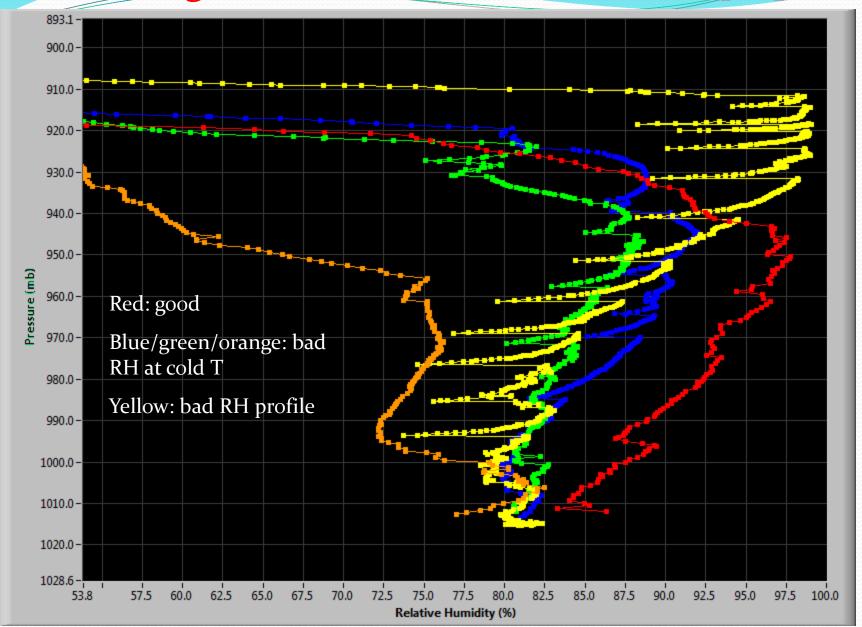




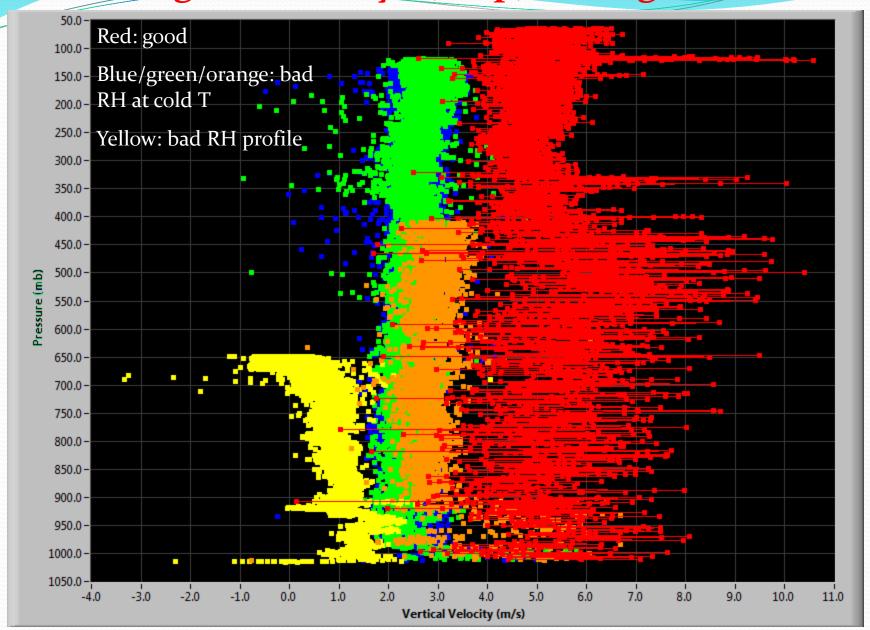
Best Surface Met Data



Five soundings from VOCALS (RH in lower troposphere)

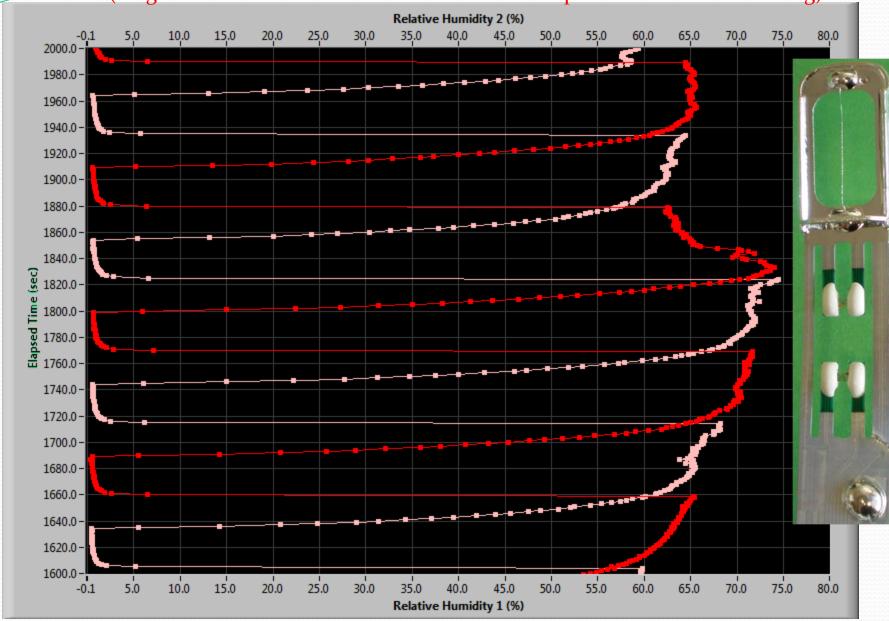


Five soundings from Olaya (Ship) during VOCALS-2008

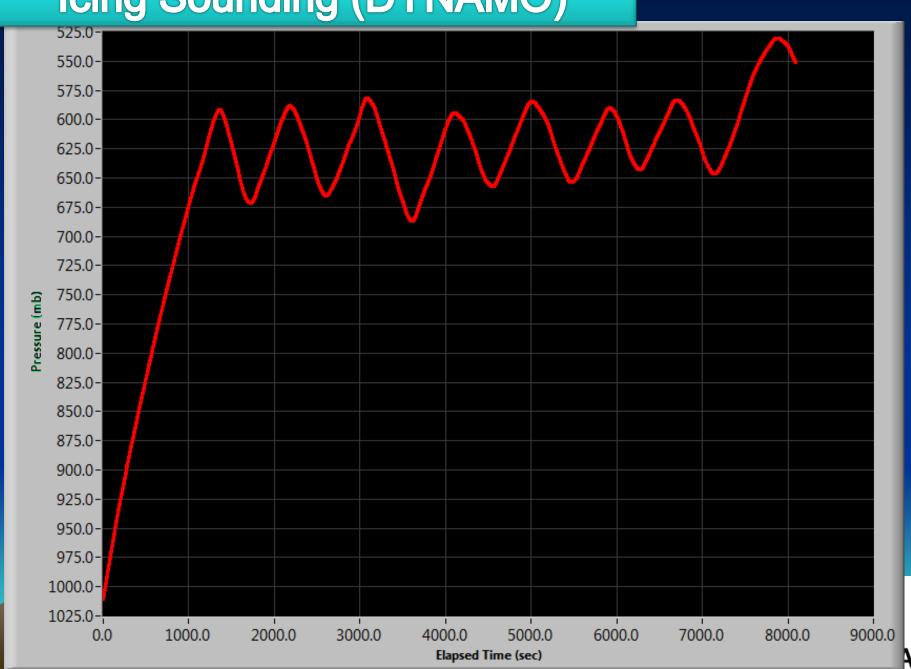


RH1/RH2 profiles (v.s. time) for orange sounding in Slide #1)

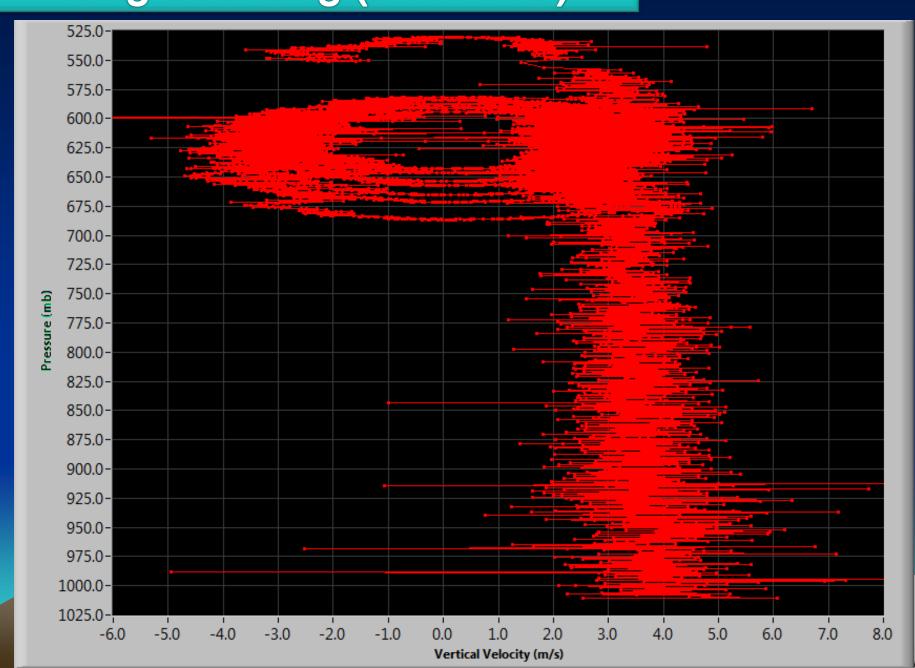
(longer time taken for the sensor boom to reach equilibrium from the heating)



Icing Sounding (DYNAMO)

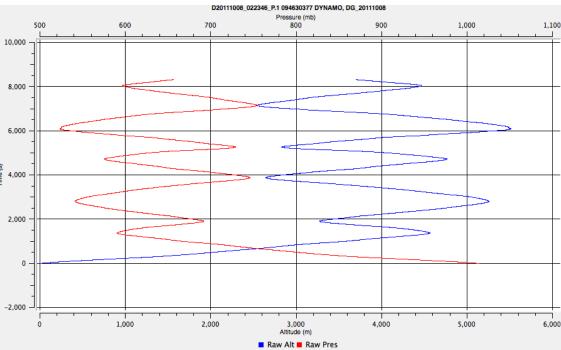


Icing Sounding (DYNAMO)



DYNAMO Icing





- In heavy rain at up around the freezing level the balloons often iced up
- Affected around 2% of soundings
- Added extra Helium and applied Pam